

# Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXXVIII, No. 80.

HONOLULU, H. T., TUESDAY, APRIL 14, 1903—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2478.

## CITY BILL GOES THROUGH IN THE LOWER HOUSE

**Only Four Votes Cast Against the Omnibus Measure by Home Rulers.**

With work as a text the Legislature yesterday got down to business in a hurry and really accomplished more real labor than has been pushed through in any one day so far. There were some long bills worked through, the amount of the discussion evoked being very little.

The night session of the House was devoted to the general city bill. The session was not largely attended but the members enjoyed all the ease that can be got out of the evening. The bill was taken up as soon as the call to order had been obeyed and it took an hour and a quarter to get through with it. Immediately Kaniho moved to dispense with interpretation and the bill was put on final passage. There were but four negative votes, these being Kaniho, Kupihea, Paele and Purdy, the affirmative votes being nineteen.

One of the humors of the session was the resolution by Kaniho, ordering the Board of Health to detain the lepers now at Kalihi, who should have gone to Molokai yesterday. The Board upon receipt of the "order" answered that it did not recognize the right of the Legislature to so "order," but the lepers would be detained for one week.

The garnishment bill killed was a very well drawn measure, but it was full of legal requirements and really made some of the lay members afraid of it.

The suspension by Speaker Beckley of Andrade, Jaeger and Wright was entirely a disciplinary measure and probably will not need repetition.

The bill for citizen labor on public works caused a long debate, the point that courts could not remove officials being suggested, but the intent of the measure was close to the hearts of the members and it went on through.

The Senate worked so rapidly yesterday that a night session which had been intended to consider the lengthy bill on negotiable instruments was unnecessary and it passed third reading in the afternoon.

The Senate also passed the first government appropriation bill, namely the one making provision for unpaid bills.

There was but little discussion of any of the measures that went through yesterday and the session passed off like clockwork.

### IN THE HOUSE.

Secretary Carter notified the House that he had received communications announcing the passage over the Governor's veto of the language resolution and the beer license bill, and that if the Senate took similar action advertisement would follow. Senate bills governing the taking of acknowledgments and other similar instruments, relating to explosives, and amending the gambling laws, were received and passed first reading, after Kupihea had attempted to reject the last named.

Under petitions, that of Vida, from insane asylum employees, asking for increased pay, of Nakaleka, for pay for palais refused at Molokai, by Lewis, of citizens of Hilo against the bill exempting one-half wages of government employees from garnishment, were received and referred. The Hawaiian Protective Association likewise submitted a series of resolutions recommending that no licenses be issued except to American citizens. An unpaid bill for printing the Journal of the Legislature of 1901 was received, the amount being \$715.91, with interest at 8 per cent for one and one-half years, \$85.90.

### REPORT FAVORS CURFEW LAW.

The Police Committee reported in favor of the passage of the curfew law. The report was adopted. The Hilo petition for \$35,000 for court house repairs was tabled for consideration with the appropriation bill. The Kaniho resolution asking for \$5,000 for roads in South Kohala was suggested inserted in the appropriation bill, and the House assented. The same member's resolution for \$2,400 for Kau roads was laid over for consideration with the appropriation bill.

### CHAMBER OF COMMERCE PLANS.

The Chamber of Commerce resolutions were read, favoring a franchise for the Standard Telephone Company; opposing exemptions of taxes for corporations or individuals; opposing the paying of salaries for the president and members of the Board of Health; opposing the acquisition of the Pauoa and Pahoa waterworks, and favoring a bill providing for a city and county in this island instead of two subdivisions.

Paele, from the Special Molokai Committee, asked another day to prepare its report.

Vida presented a resolution providing \$15,000 for a home for non-leprosy children, to be created upon public lands.

### WILL KEEP LEPEERS HERE.

Kaniho presented a resolution setting forth that as the lepers at the Kalihi station were to be sent to Molokai today, that the President of the Board of Health be directed to prevent the sending of the lepers until after the report of the special committee, which was adopted.

Pulaa presented a resolution directing the Commissioner of Public Lands to report on lands vacant and leased in Waimea and Kawaihae, and directing that these be cut up into homesteads of 25 acres each immediately. There was some question of debate, but the

Speaker announced that the resolution would have no effect, so it was referred to the Committee on Public Lands. He also presented a resolution for four acres of the public lands at Kaauihuhu for school purposes, which was likewise disposed.

Kellinof gave notice that he would introduce the trust company bill, and the measure was received and passed first reading. Chillingworth gave notice that he would present measures to provide against embezzlements by public officers and to amend section 1839 of chapter 118 of the Civil Laws, both of which came in and passed first reading.

### MANY BILLS ADVANCED.

The order of the day brought up on second reading House Bill 181, to authorize H. M. von Holt to construct a railroad on Kauai, which went to the Committee on Manufactures; bill 185, to appropriate \$5,000 for a wharf at Kalaupapa, was passed second reading; No. 137, an act relating to attachments and garnishments, was killed by an overwhelming vote, despite a plea for it by Andrade.

### ARE AGAINST HITCHCOCK.

The afternoon session opened with the presentation of a petition of voters of Molokai against the appointment of H. R. Hitchcock as deputy sheriff. This was laid on the table.

House Bill 134, creating Makiki Park, under control of the Superintendent of Public Works, came up on third reading, and passed with one no, that of Kupihea.

House Bill 139 amends section 2 of chapter 53 of the laws of 1886 to read as follows: "All public sports, amusements, shows and games on Sunday shall be so carried on as not to become a public nuisance, or a menace to the public health, or to public morality, but nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit or prevent the playing of baseball in any recreation ground to which the public may be charged a fee for admission."

### KILL SUNDAY BASEBALL.

Vida moved its adoption and Kall that it be postponed. Kellinof argued that the bill was a good one, as it would draw the young from gambling games to healthful sports. Chillingworth endorsed this, saying that it would not compel church members to go to ball games, but would give others a chance for innocent amusements. He pleaded for tolerance.

Vida said baseball was played all over the islands now and here, where many workmen were unable to see or participate in a game on weekdays, it would be wise to permit the game on Sunday.

Kall and Kaniho rose when the Speaker asked that ordained ministers indicate their presence. The Speaker said they were excused. Kaniho said he thought no law should be passed which would tend to cause violation of other laws. Chillingworth suggested that they be excused, but the Chair said that was only from voting. Kaniho continued that the motto of the

## ALREADY TALKING OF LEGISLATIVE EXTRA SESSION

**One May be Had if There Can be Shown a Pressing Public Need of It.**

According to the gossip of the capital there is a fine chance for an extension of the legislative session, provided there is such action on the appropriation bills before the close of the sixty days of the regular term, that the executive is convinced that there may be hard work done during the added time, and that there are really bills of public interest to be passed.

While Governor Dole has not indicated that he is to bargain on any legislative matter it is reported that in conversation recently he made known his conviction, that the legislature should proceed faithfully to its duties and take up the appropriations, giving careful consideration to them, thus indicating to the Congress of the United States that the legislators here are awake to their duties. However if the press of work should make it apparent that a longer period is needed to settle all the questions arising, then the executive would consider it his duty to extend the session.

The failure to pass the appropriation measures would of course mean the immediate calling into existence of an extra session. This however could have no other duty or power than the passing of the appropriation measures. If the extra session should fail to put through the fiscal legislation in the time set, then the governor would feel that he should carry on the business of the Territory on the basis of the Home Rule legislature's appropriations, according to the statements of the men who have been investigating the matter.

It is understood that the next five days will be given up to the hardest work of the session. It is probable that until the expiration of the time when it is possible to pass a measure over the head of the Governor, night sessions will be had, and everything possible will be rushed through. After that time the appropriation measure will be taken up, it is said, and according to one member, there will be little time left for the consideration of time-wasting matters, and the Legislature will be ready to go home when through.

land should be the guide of the members. He would prefer a bill compelling children to attend sacred services.

### WOULD BE BACKWARD STEP.

Kall said he thought this bill would mark a backward step. He said he thought such grounds would be a disturbance to all living around the parks. He pleaded against the bill.

Aylett said that people would have the benefit of the games, but in reality the existing laws are broken. He said if games were to be played, then everything else should be opened.

Fernandez said he, as Deputy Sheriff of Ewa, arrested men who were in the fields irrigating, but their cases were dismissed in court. He said once visiting teams were permitted to play ball on Sunday, he said sports were permitted on the mainland, from which came our civilization, and everyone should have the right to spend the day as he chose. The poor were compelled to work, and thus the rich violated the law, so he argued this bill, for the sport of the poor, should be passed.

Wright opposed the bill, and Kall and Wright and Kupihea asked questions, the latter quoting the British House of Parliament rules until told to sit down or he would be given in charge of the Sergeant at Arms. The vote was: Ayes—Andrade, Aylett, Chillingworth, Fernandez, Gandall, Greenwell, Hala, Harris, Jaeger, Kellinof, Knudsen, Long, and Vida. Noes—Damien, Kall, Kalamia, Kaniho, Keala-waa, Kou, Kumalea, Kupihea, Lewis, Nakaleka, Palli, Pulaa, Purdy, and Beckley.

The bill was then recommended to the Police Committee.

### ILLEGAL LIQUOR SELLING.

House Bill No. 71 was passed, that bill relating to the illegal manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors.

### HOUSE BILL 140.

House Bill 140, dealing with persons having no visible means of support, suspending or disorderly persons, placing the punishment at one year, was taken up. Fernandez said he thought the present punishment, six months for vagrants, was sufficient. The bill was then passed, 25 to 3.

### CITY BILL PASSED.

The night session was given over to the city bill. The reading was begun immediately upon assembling, Speaker Beckley retiring from the session. Without any amendments the measure went through by nineteen votes to four.

### HOUSE BILL NO. 72.

House Bill No. 72 was then taken up, the bill being that prohibiting the employment of others than voters upon public works. Andrade raised the point that there should be no bar placed against the dismissal of suits when the Attorney General might deem it in the interest of justice, and likewise jurisdiction should lie with circuit courts, and not judges at chambers, and moved those changes.

### HUMORS OF LABOR BILL.

Harris raised the point that no court could deprive officers appointed under the Organic Act of their seats. Then the argument became amusing. Pulaa wanted the prohibition to operate against women as well. Fernandez thought this unnecessary as women could not vote.

### CHILLINGWORTH WANTED THE WORD MADE "CITIZENS."

Chillingworth wanted the word made "citizens." Instead of "voters." Kumalea supported this in the interest of young men.

### KANIHO ACCEPTED THE AMENDMENTS OF ANDRADE AND CHILLINGWORTH.

Greenwell wanted "except in special cases" inserted, saying that it was impossible in some districts to secure citizen labor. He said as a member of the Kona road board he had found it impossible to secure citizens. He cited the Huehue-Waimea road, saying that citizens did not live within miles of the place, and Japs built the road.

### FERNANDEZ OPPOSED THAT PROPOSAL, SAYING THE INSTRUCTIONS WERE TO EMPLOY ONLY CITIZENS, BUT THE PRICE, \$1 A DAY, WAS TOO LITTLE, AND THE PEOPLE WOULD NOT WORK, AS THEY HAD TO PAY TOO MUCH FOR RENT AND EXPENSES. HE SAID IF WE WANTED TO BE AMERICAN CITIZENS, SHOW IT AND NOT BE HALF ORIENTAL.

Greenwell's "special-cases" amendment was lost and those of Andrade and Chillingworth were accepted by 22 to 1, Greenwell standing out in the interest of Kona roads.

### STANDARD TELEPHONE FAILS.

Andrade moved that the Standard Telephone franchise bill be taken from the table and made the order immediately. Harris objected that there were other measures which were in the same position, and he wanted the order of the day followed. The motion to suspend the rules failed, and Senate Bill No. 19 was taken up for second reading. This is the dental surgery measure, and the House put in a new section providing for the revocation of license for malpractice or irregularity.

### KANIHO HAD RECOMMENDED THE POSTPONEMENT OF THE BILL, AND HE FOUGHT ITS PASSAGE, SAYING HE CAME FROM THE COUNTRY DISTRICTS WHERE THERE WERE NO DENTISTS, AND THIS WOULD WORK A HARD-SHIP.

Aylett said under the bill it would be unlawful for a man to pull his own tooth. He said he would support the bill, however, to keep out quacks.

### KUMALEA TOLD OF THE SAD CASE OF A YOUNG MAN WHO DIED FROM MALPRACTICE, AND SUPPORTED THE MEASURE. KALAMIA AND FERNANDEZ LIKEWISE OPPOSED. THE MOTION TO POSTPONE FAILED, AND THE BILL PASSED SECOND READING.

The House then adjourned, though there were twenty-one bills on third and twenty-seven on second reading.

### IN THE SENATE.

Senator Dickey presented a number of petitions asking the adoption of the local option bill. To be considered with the bill, if taken from the table.

### CLERK SAVIDGE READ A PETITION FROM CITIZENS ASKING AMENDMENTS TO THE TAX EXEMPTION LAW OF 1901. TO BE TAKEN UP WITH A BILL, IF INTRODUCED.

A. L. Ahlo, acting for Japanese and

(Continued on page 5.)

## WHY RUSSIA DOES NOT EVACUATE MANCHURIA

**Says She Wants to First Secure Herself Against the Spread of Bubonic Plague.**

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS)

PEKING, April 13.—Russia explains her delay in evacuating Manchuria by the statement that she wishes first to organize an international commission to prevent the bubonic plague, which has a foothold in the province, from entering Russian territory or infecting towns along the route of the railroad to Port Arthur and Dalny.

## GERMANS AND AUSTRIANS IN BATTLE AT PEKING

PEKING, April 13.—There was a collision here today between German and Austrian soldiers, during the course of a drunken row. Fifty men on each side came to blows and many were injured. Infantry of the legation guards was called out and suppressed the disorder, arresting the participants, several of whom went to the hospital to be treated for serious injuries.

### Foiled a Massacre.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 13.—The American naval forces on the China station have prevented the success of a well-organized plot to massacre the foreigners at Quong Tung.

### On the Trail of Guilt.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 13.—Postmaster General Payne announces that the postal scandals will be probed to the bottom and the guilty men summarily punished.

### Chicago Bandits.

CHICAGO, April 13.—Three men held up a street car in the city limits tonight and robbed the passengers. There is an epidemic of such brigandage in this city.

### Suit for Guardianship.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 13.—Mrs. Ashton has begun suit to secure the guardianship of her child.

### Killed in a Mine.

KANSAS CITY, April 13.—In a mine explosion in the Indian Territory today five men were killed.

### Gold Miners Strike.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.—One thousand miners on the mother lode are out on a strike.

### Gulf Steamer Sinks.

GALVESTON, April 13.—The steamer El Rio sunk here today. Three were drowned.

### Montejo's Flagship Raised.

MANILA, P. I., April 13.—The Spanish cruiser Reina Christina, which was sunk by the American fleet in the battle of Manila bay, was raised today. Eighty skeletons were found in her hold, these being of those who were either killed in the battle or drowned when the vessel sunk.

Admiral Montejo had his flag on the Reina Christina during the naval battle. Finding that he could not rely on the shelter of the Cavite guns, Montejo sailed forth from his line against Dewey's flagship Olympia. He was met with such an awful concentrated fire from the American vessels that he turned his ship and made for the breakwater but the gunners of the Olympia sent an eight-inch shell through the stern of the Reina Christina and this penetrated the whole extent of the ship to the engine room where it exploded with awful destruction, setting fire to the vessel. It is probable that the skeletons found in the hold of the raised cruiser were those of the men who came in contact with the destruction of the Olympia's eight-inch shell.

PEKING, China, April 13.—Prince Ching has succeeded the late Young Lu in the leadership of the Imperial cabinet.

PEKING, April 13.—Prince Ching was installed as successor of Lu today with imposing ceremonies.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 13.—The Oceanic steamship Sierra made a splendid run on her trip from the Islands, beating the Hongkong Maru twelve hours. The Sierra left Honolulu at 5 p. m. April 7th, the Hongkong Maru leaving at 10 o'clock on the forenoon of the same day.

NEW YORK, N. Y., April 13.—Refined sugars were advanced to five cents today.



# COUNTY BILL IS AGREED UPON BY JOINT CONFERENCE

## Two of the House Members Remain Away From the Meeting of the Committee.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

The Joint Conference Committee of the House and the Senate has agreed upon the County bill, and has agreed, moreover, to submit its joint report to both houses on Monday morning.

This determination was reached last night, and that despite the fact that two of the House conferees, Kaniho and Fernandez, continued to remain away from the meeting. This, to be sure, might have been because the meeting was held on Good Friday. That would not account for their absence of Thursday evening, but might account for it on yesterday morning and last night. Nevertheless, it is believed that the fact of their remaining away bodes war when the committee report reaches the House.

There was but little discussion of the points still in dispute between the two houses at last night's session of the committee. In the matter of the constitution of Boards of Supervisors, it was agreed that the Oahu county board should consist of seven, two each from the Fourth and Fifth Districts, and three at large. In each of the other counties the Board of Supervisors is to consist of five members. Each supervisor is to be paid a salary of \$50 a month.

District magistrates and road overseers for the several counties are to be appointed by the Boards of Supervisors of the several counties.

The income tax exemption was fixed by compromise. The House had put the exemption at \$2000 and the Senate at \$1000. The sum agreed upon by the conferees was \$1800.

In the matter of licenses for hackmen, Aylett withdrew from the stand he had taken in the House, making it a requisite for applicants for license as hackmen to be able to speak and write the English or Hawaiian language. This leaves the provision as it was in the Senate bill, namely, that the applicant shall be qualified to drive a hack. Aylett withdrew his contention and will take the chance of passing a bill embodying his idea apart from the County bill.

And, lastly, the conferees threw out Keliioi's scheme to put the control of the schools into the hands of the authorities of the several counties, and under the bill as it went through the conference, that department remains as it is. Keliioi himself gave up his pet project.

"You will never know what this surrender costs me," he said to the conferees. "I have heard rumors that I was striving to make the change in the school system because of a spite that I had against the school department. Gentlemen, in my work as a legislator, I am above petty personal spite. My trust is too sacred for that. Education is the salvation of the Hawaiian people. Nobody realizes that more than I do. And I do not say that the present system is not a good system. But I had given this matter deep thought. My system was most carefully drawn, and I believe that it would have worked for the best in the schools. But in the interest of the whole bill, that we may get a County bill, I consent to withdraw it."

He was given a round of applause by the conferees at the conclusion of his speech, and then it was all over. There were a few more formalities. It was said that the bill as it had been agreed to by the conferees would be copied and ready for distribution on Monday morning.

Then, on motion of Harris, the conference report was adopted, with the understanding that the bill would be put through both houses if possible on Monday. And the conference committee adjourned.

# OBSERVATORY FOR THE NAVAL STATION

There is being erected on the grounds of the Naval Station a small astronomical observatory, within which will be carried on scientific research which when completed will have determined the exact longitude of the Hawaiian Islands. Edwin Smith of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, who came to Honolulu from San Francisco in the Ventura, is superintending the construction of the small structure. A cement pier was laid yesterday and over this the house will be erected.

Dedicate instruments, consisting of transits, chronographs and chronometers are to be installed as soon as the pier is solid, and if Mr. Smith has five nights within the next two weeks in which to successfully carry on his observation of the stars, he will complete his labors in time to return to San Francisco in the Alameda which sails on April 22.

Arrangements have been made with Superintendent Gaines of the Pacific Commercial Cable Company to run a telegraph wire from the cable office in the Young Building to the little observatory. Another telegraph line runs from the cable company's office in San Francisco to the Coast and Geodetic Survey observatory near San Francisco, and over this telegraph-cable system impulses will be sent by Mr. Smith at a certain stated time each night he makes his observations, which will correct the time between San Francisco and Hawaii, and thereby effect the exact determination of the longitude.

After taking his observations at night Mr. Smith determines the exact time and opens up communication with San Francisco. Mr. Morse, who will be at the San Francisco end, will receive these impulses and correct his time accordingly. As Mr. Smith will not open up this communication until sometime between 9 and 10 p. m., Mr. Morse will be under the necessity of sitting up while the midnight oil is burning. The impulses are made so that the errors in the two chronometers can be corrected at both places and the true time recorded.

When Mr. Smith starts back for San Francisco, Mr. Morse will come to Honolulu, and the observations will be gone over again so that personal equation will be eliminated. Mr. Smith will later go to Guam for similar observations.

## AGENT MACLENNAN SERIOUSLY SICK

The special agent of the Treasury Department charged with the payment of the claims, W. P. MacLennan, is still lying seriously ill at the Hawaiian Hotel, so ill that no one is permitted to see or converse with him. Dr. Cofer has the case in charge, and a trained nurse from the Queen's Hospital is

looking after the patient. Mr. MacLennan is suffering from a complication of illness consequent upon an attack of grippe which took him by the throat in San Francisco. He came on here with the million dollars of government coin because that was a sacred trust, but he was not fit to travel, as a matter of fact, when he left the mainland. He is pretty sick yet, but it is not thought by his physician that the case is any more severe than good and careful nursing will be able to pull around all right. In the meantime, however, the doctor insists on quiet and rest.

# GOLD FOR THE FIRE CLAIMS

## A Million Dollars Is Here at Last.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

W. F. MacLennan, special agent of the United States Treasury Department, arrived in the Korea yesterday morning, bringing with him a million dollars for the payment of the fire claims. The gold was immediately turned over to the First National Bank, which will act as disbursing agent.

Mr. MacLennan, who is quite ill, was taken to the Hawaiian Hotel where he is under the care of Dr. Cofer. There was no conference between Mr. MacLennan and the officials of either the government or the bank during the day and the treasury agent is undecided as to his plans until there has been some decision reached after a meeting with Governor Dole and Secretary Carter.

The money is on hand and ready for distribution among the claimants, but it is a little doubtful if it can be paid out until after the bonds are sold. This will mean April 20, at the earliest, and it may be delayed for nearly two months.

Mr. MacLennan, however, is of the opinion that he will not be delayed by the bonds, and he said yesterday that the coin would probably be ready to be paid out pro rata without waiting for the remainder of the amount due to be realized by the sale of the bonds. He was unwilling, however, to make any definite statement as to the plan to be pursued until he has had a conference with Governor Dole.

Then the records will first have to be examined by the treasury agent, and there is still the question of bonds. Cecil Brown, president of the First National Bank, who has given the matter considerable study, said last evening that he believed the bonds would have to be sold before any payment of coin could be made.

The act under which the appropriation of a million dollars was made seems to bear out this idea. The act concludes as follows:

"Before any such judgment shall be paid hereunder the Governor of the said Territory must certify that the same is genuine and was duly rendered in pursuance of the act of the Legislative assembly of the Territory; and the payment of said judgment shall be in full satisfaction and discharge of any and all claims or demands against said Territory or the United States on account of property destroyed in the said suppression of the bubonic plague."

The certified copy of the records upon which payment will be made has not been completed, as after the work had been begun Governor Dole received a cablegram countermanning the first order. However, the work is well under way, and the record can be made ready within a few days.

The bond matter, if it is held that full satisfaction must be given on all judgments, will be settled quickest, if there are no bids for the bonds at par, by getting some of the claimants to take them up. It is said that many of them are willing to accept the bonds, sooner than to wait for their pro rata of the million dollars. If the sale of the bonds is necessary to the payment of the claims, it will require nearly two months, even if they are sold in the regular manner. Only 10 per cent of the bid must be paid on its acceptance, and the bidder has the option of paying the remainder at the rate of 20 per cent each ten days thereafter.

The million dollars came in the strong box of the Korea, and there appeared to be no extraordinary precautions taken to guard it. The coin was packed in thirty-five boxes, each containing \$20,000. The denominations were five, ten and twenty dollar gold pieces, making altogether \$700,000 in gold. The remainder was in gold certificates—\$100,000 in one thousand dollar bills, the remaining \$200,000 in five hundred dollar bills. The money was counted immediately on arrival at the bank and placed in the vault.

This is Mr. MacLennan's third visit to Honolulu. He came the first time with four million to pay the Hawaiian debt, as taken over by the United States upon annexation. On the second occasion he was the agent who superintended the paying of the depositors in the Postal Savings Bank.

## WHAT IS PAIN BALM?

Chamberlain's Pain Balm is a liniment, and while adapted to all the ordinary uses of a liniment, has qualities which distinguish it from other remedies of this class. Pain Balm is especially beneficial for rheumatism. Thousands of cases can be cited in which this remedy has effected a cure when the sufferer had previously tried the best medical service without securing relief. Pain Balm is positively guaranteed to give relief in the most severe cases of chronic or acute rheumatism.

Pain Balm heals bruises, burns and scalds in less time than any other treatment. It is "antiseptic," that is, it prevents putrefaction, and by so doing generally prevents an unsightly scar remaining after the injury is healed. For lame back, lumbago and neuralgia, Pain Balm has no equal. It has the quality of "getting to the right spot." No sufferer from these distressing afflictions should defer a trial of this remedy. One application gives relief. Try it. All Dealers and Druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

# READY TO TAKE SITE

## Transfer of Land Approved at Washington.

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 28.—Assistant Secretary Taylor, at the Treasury Department, said today that a legal report had been received from the Attorney General, stating that the proposed transfer of public lands in Hawaii for what is known as the Bishop street site, to be used as a site for the new postoffice building, was entirely legal and regular.

It appears that Governor Dole, some time in January, addressed a letter to the Secretary of the Interior notifying him of the acquisition of a site for a public building—the arrangement being subject to the acceptance by the Secretary of the Treasury of the site for federal building purposes. The opinion of the Attorney General was requested as to the power of the Territorial officers to acquire a site in this manner, and also as to the power of the Treasury Department to assume control of such a site in the absence of legislation authorizing such acquisition.

## ATTORNEY GENERAL'S VIEW.

In response to the inquiry, the Attorney General holds about as follows:

First—That the joint resolution of annexation transfers to the United States the ownership of all public property, including lands, of the Republic.

Second—That under the Organic Act the lands remain in the possession and under the control of the government of the Territory of Hawaii, and that the existing laws of Hawaii relative to the management and disposition of such lands are continued in force, such control, however, being subject to the right of the President of the United States to set apart any part of the same for federal purposes.

Third—That, under existing land laws of Hawaii, the Commissioner of Public Lands, with the consent of the Governor of the Territory, has the right to exchange public lands for private lands.

Fourth—That the lands acquired by such exchange become public property and subject to the power of the President of the United States to set them apart for federal purposes.

Fifth—That, upon being authorized so to do by the President of the United States, the Secretary of the Treasury has the right to assume custody and control of the site for a federal building, notwithstanding the fact that a law of the United States provides that "no land shall be purchased on account of the United States except under a law of the United States authorizing such purchase."

## READY FOR CONGRESS.

"This," said Mr. Taylor, "smooths the way for making the transfer when Congress desires it to be done. A report will be made to Congress at the next session, embodying the legal views of the Attorney General, and then Congress can, if it chooses, appropriate money for the erection of the new building and authorize the transfer of the property for a site."

"The Attorney General's opinion," continued Mr. Taylor, "contains little of interest, except the conclusion that the proposed transfer will be entirely legal and regular. He reviews the laws affecting the public lands of the Islands and kindred statutes and draws the conclusion that a transfer of public lands in the Islands for the proposed site in Honolulu would be entirely within the law. But we cannot of course go ahead and actually make the transfer until Congress authorizes it."

Mr. Alonzo H. Stewart, assistant doorkeeper of the Senate, and intimately known to the prominent Senators on both sides of the chamber, is contemplating a trip across the Pacific soon, and expects to tarry in Honolulu. He will probably be accompanied by Mrs. Stewart. Mr. Stewart is an intimate friend of Senator Allison, the Republican leader of the Senate, and hails from the state of Iowa.

## Peck Had Two Wives.

Mary L. Peck has brought suit against Carl R. Peck for annulment of marriage on the ground that Mr. Peck had a wife at the time they were joined in wedlock. The plaintiff, whose maiden name was Mary L. Arnold, says that she and Peck were married at Honolulu on April 25, 1900, and lived together as man and wife until May 29, 1901, when they separated. She does not know Peck's present residence. There was born of the marriage one child, by name Nohea Oramel Arnold Peck, a son, who is now of the age of two years and over, and in the custody of the plaintiff's mother at Kona, Hawaii. The plaintiff claims that Peck had a former wife, Emma H. Peck, and the marriage was in force at the time of this second marriage.

## Navy's Coaling Stations.

With two coaling stations which the Navy Department has decided to establish in the Aleutian Islands, close to the regular route of traffic between the Pacific Northwest and the Orient, the Navy will still further strengthen its support in the Pacific Ocean. The proposed stations will afford a foothold in the North Pacific corresponding to those which have been acquired further south in Hawaii and Samoa, and these, together with the station at Guam, complete a chain of outposts in the Pacific capable of supporting the Navy in any emergency.

Mrs. W. H. Rickard and the Misses Rickard, of Honokaa, arrived in the Korea.

# HUNDREDS DIE BY EXPLOSION AT HONGKONG

## The Largest Mill in the East Is Destroyed With All the Workmen.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS)

HONGKONG, April 10.—By an explosion in the powder factory here today 1500 men were killed.

The factory is one of the largest in the east and the men employed were Chinese coolies with the exception of a few skilled hands, who were Europeans.

The explosion was so great that all the buildings of the powder works were knocked down and as there was no adequate means of fighting the fire, the establishment is a wreck and the remains of many of those killed have been cremated.

Great damage was done to surrounding property and the shock of the explosion was felt for many miles around.

PEKING, China, April 10.—Young Lu, "the real ruler of China," is dead.

The most powerful man in China is dead. To some he was known as Young Lu and to other as Jung Lu, but he was known to all as the man who probably dictated all the actions of the Empress Dowager. A well known royal prince of China recently said: "Jung Lu is the actual emperor, and everyone knows it; there is only one member of the cabinet, though six names appear on the board; Jung Lu is that man."

Young Lu was trusted by the Empress Dowager implicitly and was one of the few who could see her, the others being minions of Young Lu whom he sent to her. He was about sixty years of age, spare in frame, but very vigorous and active in his movements and although he has been very ill for over three months it was expected that he would live.

Although the Empress trusted Young Lu, but few others did. While dominating the Empress it is believed that he secretly assisted the Boxers and was largely responsible for the last uprising and recent Chinese advices declared that he was planning a great Boxer movement in the north of China which had for its object the placing of Pu Chun, son of Prince Tuan, on the throne.

Recently this youth was proclaimed as Emperor in the North of China and the rebels expected to set up a capital at the palace of Hsian, occupied by the Empress Dowager and the court after the flight from Peking, during the Boxer troubles.

AMSTERDAM, Holland, April 10.—The strike is waning today. There have been many minor riots and in each the strikers have come out worsted and laboring bodies all over the Netherlands are noticing that the government has complete control over the situation and that it will be useless to join forces with those already out. The laboring classes are already suffering from lack of food and this cause alone may go a long way towards entirely breaking up the strike.

WILLEMSTAD, April 10.—Rebel activity is reported from all parts of the country. A victory was gained over Castro's troops near Caracas, but the capital is not really in danger.

Barquisimeto, the chief city of the state of Lara, was taken today after hard fighting. The city is at the southern terminus of the railway from Tucacas, an important port. There has been some fighting about Coro but it has been indecisive.

SAN DOMINGO, April 10.—After an all days battle before the city today the rebels gained a decisive victory. The forces of the government were beaten back and returned in great disorder.

The losses on both sides were heavy, both in killed and wounded. Among the dead is the Rebel General Pepin.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 10.—Serious disturbances resulted in many parts of the city today when the police began to gather in those without passports. The number of arrests was more than 2,000 and in some instances the riots which were precipitated resulted in loss of life.

BRISTOL, Conn., April 10.—The Cup defender Reliance will be launched tomorrow. The Herreshoffs announced today that all was in readiness and the new yacht will be given baptism at the full tide. Manager Iselin and a party of friends will be in attendance.

ROME, April 10.—The strikes here were ended today. Committees of strikers and employers met and after consultation with representatives of the Government a basis of agreement was reached and the men agreed to return to work.

SALONICA, April 10.—An Insurgent army today approached almost to the gates of the city and were pursued and engaged by a battalion of the Turkish forces. The Macedonians withdrew for some distance, and then made a stand and gave determined resistance.

The battle progressed for several hours the Turks being reinforced from the garrison. Fighting continued until nightfall and a regiment of infantry has been sent forward to strengthen the Turkish lines.

ROME, Italy, April 10.—Dwight Benson died here today.

MANILA, P. I., April 10.—Captain John J. Pershing's force has captured Bacolod. In the sharp fight that took place one hundred Moros were killed and three Americans wounded.

BRISTOL, Conn., April 10.—Two incendiary attempts have been made to destroy the cup defender Reliance building at Herreshoff's yards. Both attempts have been frustrated and the guards over the yards doubled.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 10.—A row over the election occurred here today in one of the down-town saloons. Revolvers were freely used. Police were summoned and in the melee that followed four Italians and one officer were wounded.

SAN DOMINGO, April 10.—A heavy battle took place today, ending with the revolutionists in full possession of the city. The foreign warships have landed marines to protect the Consulates and property of foreigners. Negotiations are being made to bring about a cessation of hostilities preliminary to a new election for President.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., April 10.—The Rev. W. H. Milburn, "the Blind Man Eloquent," for many years the chaplain of the United States Senate, died here today. He had taken up a temporary residence here in an effort to regain his health, and intended to return to Washington in the fall.



## REPORT ON MOLOKAI

### Senate Committee Tells What Is Needed.

(From Sunday's Daily.)

Senator McCandless for the Special Senate Committee made a report yesterday upon the results of the recent visit of investigation to the Molokai Leper Settlement. A full account of the visit is given with many recommendations.

The committee says: "We found the two homes in good order and learned that they are most efficiently administered by self-sacrificing and God-fearing men and women who are entitled to unlimited commendation for their zeal, their industry, their genuine humanitarianism, and the sound good judgment they display under great trials."

The home atmosphere was commended and the committee expressed surprise at the few complaints.

Mother Marianne is indorsed in her request for a home for "her blind people and convalescents."

The committee says the people also want the Goto treatment resumed and adds: "There is also an almost unanimous desire that the two-tua treatment be given a fair and impartial trial. The people almost without exception at the settlement have great faith in the Goto treatment." The committee recommended that the Board of Health be directed to resume the Goto treatment.

The committee says that the palai complaints will be remedied by the Superintendent. Referring to the request of an increase of the cash allowance the committee recommends that the Superintendent "carry out a plan for the public improvement of the settlement, such as road-making, tree planting, etc., largely for the purpose of giving employment at fair compensation to such of the people there as may care to work."

The committee recommends that the postage stamps for the settlement be purchased at Kalaupapa instead of in Honolulu, so that the Molokai postmaster can get the benefit. It is recommended that an investigation be made of the food supply, and that the fare be varied. Also that trees be planted for fuel.

The item in the Appropriation bill for Kalaupapa landing is approved, and the committee recommends money for the brass bands and for outdoor games at the settlement.

The committee feels that the Territory has been deficient in not providing a home for non-leprosy boys, and says that not another week should be allowed to go by without this being done.

A marriage law is also recommended, and the report closes with a strong endorsement of Supt. McVeigh and Dr. Goodhue. The committee reported also on a visit to Kailhi Receiving Station and recommends a new building for inmates, and a group of cottages for suspects. The report was received and filed.

## BAD WEATHER ON BIG ISLAND

(Special by Wireless Telegraph.)

MAHUKONA, April 11.—The Island of Hawaii is undergoing a siege of bad weather today, but the indications are good for a favorable change tomorrow. Strong winds are still blowing up Hamakua point. The steamer Mauna Loa will call at Mahukona today to land Mrs. Greenwell and some of the Kona jury-men. The gasoline schooner Eclipse left Kawaihae for Honolulu at 10 a. m., with a load of cattle.

## WIND AND RAIN SWEEP HAWAII

(Special by Wireless Telegraph.)

MAHUKONA, April 10.—High trade winds accompanied by heavy rainfall swept over the island last night and continues today. Since 8 o'clock this morning two and a half inches of rain have fallen at Honokaa. The sea is very rough and the steamer Nihau is unable to work freight at Hamakua.

### Passengers on Kinau.

(Special by Wireless Telegraph.)

MAHUKONA, April 10.—Among the passengers on the Kinau which called here today en route to Honolulu were: R. Dusenberry, S. F. Stanley, Mr. Douglas, L. Cutting, C. V. Kenton, D. Conway.

### Patton is Honored.

(Special by Wireless Telegraph.)

MAHUKONA, April 10.—A ball in honor of Mr. P. Patton, manager of the Paualou, was given last evening at Paualou, and was thoroughly enjoyed by a large number of his friends. Mr. Patton leaves shortly for Europe.

### Transport May Come Here.

From private sources it is learned that there is a prospect of a United States transport coming to Honolulu from San Francisco en route to Manila about April 27. No official corroboration has been received by the military people here.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY cures the cold and does not produce any bad effects. It strengthens the lungs and leaves the system in a healthy condition. It always cures and cures quickly. All Dealers and Druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

## WANT BIG DAMAGES

### Sailors on the Helene Ask Pay for Their Injuries.

Two admiralty suits, aggregating \$25,000, were brought in the United States court yesterday by seamen on the steamer Helene for damages growing out of a recent series of accidents at Paauhau on Hawaii. The Wilder Steamship Company and the Paauhau Sugar Plantation Company are made joint defendants in a suit for \$10,000 brought by Nawaaleha, a seaman on the Helene. He claims that on March 20, while assisting in the loading of the vessel at Paauhau, he was hit by a sliding load of sugar weighing 1,250 pounds and his left arm was crushed. He says his arm was rendered useless and he is unable to work, and that the accident occurred through the negligence of the two defendants.

The second suit is brought by Samuel Palapala against the Paauhau Sugar Plantation Company alone, and he demands damages in the sum of \$15,000. He claims that on March 18, also at Paauhau, he was assisting in the loading of the Helene when the man at the winch let a load of sugar fall upon him. He alleges that he was knocked down and rendered senseless, and that his collar bone was broken. He says, further, that he is unable to work and is still confined to the Queen's Hospital, and for all this he believes he is entitled to recover the amount of \$15,000. J. J. Dunne is attorney in both cases.

## LABOR EXPERT

Dr. Victor S. Clark, the representative of the United States Bureau of Labor, who was in Hawaii last autumn gathering information for a report to Congress upon labor conditions in the Territory, was a passenger on the Moana, bound for Suva and New Zealand. He is commissioned by the government to make a special study of the compulsory arbitration laws and other so-called socialistic legislation in Australasia, and also to investigate the conditions of plantation labor in the Eastern colonies. He returns via the Philippines, where he is to spend some months in preparing a report upon general economic and labor conditions and expects to reach Hawaii again in the winter or spring of 1904, to collect further data from planters and employers for a report to be rendered to Congress that year.

The report for 1902, presented to Congress last session, has been published as an executive document and may be obtained through the Territorial Delegate. However, the Department of Labor will republish this report, probably in its Bulletin, and it will be sent without further notice to all parties now upon the mailing lists, and to those who requested copies when Dr. Clark was in the Islands. Others can obtain copies by direct application to the Bureau of Labor at Washington.

## WHOSE FAULT IS IT

### A Local Occurrence That Will Interest Many Readers in Honolulu.

If, when a fog horn warns the mariner to sheer off the coast, he still hugs the shore and wrecks upon it, whose fault is it? If the red switch light it uses and the engine driver deliberately pulls ahead and pitches into another train, blame the driver. If a careless workman will in spite of warning try to find out how many teeth a buzz saw has, and the saw tries to find out how many fingers the workman has, blame the workman, not the saw. If a sick man knows that a certain medicine is doing him good, and he carelessly neglects to use it, blame the man, not the medicine. If Honolulu people who have kidney complaint and backache will not take Doan's Backache Kidney Pills when they are indorsed by scores of citizens, blame the people, not the indorsers. Read this indorsement:

Mr. John E. Bush of Punchbowl st. this city, is attached to the Hawaiian Interpretation staff at the Supreme Court. He says: "I had kidney trouble, and, acting on the recommendation of a friend, who had tried your invaluable remedy, I got some of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills at Hollister Drug Co.'s store. They were just as beneficial to me as they had been to my friend. It is well the virtues of these pills should be made known, for they really are an excellent medicine for kidney trouble."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box, or sent by mail on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Remember the name—DOAN'S—and take no other.

ENGRAVINGS  
HAWAIIAN GAZETTE CO., LTD.

## HOUSE PROMPTLY KILLS THE BOYD GARBAGE BILL

### Members Sit for a Long Day and Get Through With a Lot of Work.

(From Sunday's Daily.)

The House displayed a most creditable desire to do work yesterday, and by dint of holding an all day session, thereby violating the usual Saturday custom, it succeeded in getting a great deal done.

In effect, the house decks have almost been cleared, so that nothing will stand in the way of the consideration of the report on the County bill when it comes to that body on Monday, and the Special Emergency Appropriation bill has assumed such shape that there is at least ground to hope it will be passed and the necessities of the territorial government relieved.

Incidentally to a hard day's work, the House likewise shelved the Boyd garbage franchise bill—and that was a good day's work. The Legislature in fact, is not altogether covered with a pall of darkness. There are times and places when the light breaks through.

The Senate passed the bill appropriating money for unpaid bills yesterday with a few changes. The bill will be given a third reading on Monday and will then be sent to the House.

Senator McCandless also presented the report of the special Molokai committee and it was received and filed.

The report of the conference committee on the County bill was finished yesterday and presented to the members of the committee for their signatures. It will be presented Monday morning.

### IN THE HOUSE.

The House went back to the old practice of reading the minutes in two languages yesterday morning. A communication was received from the office of the Attorney-General containing copies of all correspondence and all contracts entered into between the government of the Territory of Hawaii and the firm of Haskell & Co. relative to the expenditure by that firm of \$100,000 in the construction of wharves. It was filed for consideration with the Appropriation bill.

The special committee to investigate the matter of the removal of Charles Wilcox from the office of Assistant Superintendent of Public Works submitted its report to the effect that, in its opinion, Wilcox was not guilty of embezzlement, and that he acted with lack of knowledge of the law and the proprieties in accepting L. O. U.'s in lieu of cash taken from the department, and that the Superintendent acted within his authority in asking for his resignation. The report was adopted.

The Judiciary Committee reported against the Vida bill empowering the High Sheriff and his deputies to appear in court as prosecuting officers, and the introducer agreed to the report, saying:

COUNTY BILL WILL PASS.

"The subject matter of this bill has been embodied in the County bill, and as I am now assured that the County bill will pass, I am willing to let this bill go."

"Have you the Governor's assurance that he will sign the County bill?" asked the Speaker, jokingly.

"Sure!" replied Vida.

The submission of committee reports went on, and the House at the morning session got through with a very creditable amount of business in this way. At last the mixed up measure that is supposed to define unlawful voting was reported upon adversely by the Judiciary Committee, and Kumalae, who favored the bill, proceeded to say a number of things in Hawaiian in opposition to the report, when Andrade arose, saying: "I desire to say to Mr. Kumalae that if at any time he wants the seat of the chairman of the Judiciary Committee, that position is open to him."

"I am explaining my position," said Kumalae.

KUMALAE THE LAWYER.

"He is endeavoring to interpret the law," said Andrade, "and that on false grounds. He knows nothing of the law."

"I do, too," yelled Kumalae. "I guess I have read law."

He said a few more things, but for the moment he was virtually silenced. Harris made a speech against the bill and Vida also opposed it, saying that all the points in it were covered by existing law. If a candidate promised favors in return for votes he was liable to prosecution for bribery.

"How about the case of a firm employing 200 men threatening them with discharge if they did not vote in a certain way?" asked the Speaker.

"Why, this bill would not stop that," answered Harris.

"I merely asked the question," said Beckley.

VISITATION OF GOD.

Then Fernandez got the floor to speak in favor of the bill. "Over in Hamakua at the last election," he said, "men were told by Captain Andrews that if a single Home Rule candidate to the Legislature was elected, every man in his employ would lose his job. The election came and passed, and Captain Andrews went and took poison and died."

This touching little version of the story of Judas Iscariot in a modern instance, unfortunately, had its effect sadly marred by Chillingworth, who arose to say: "Mr. Speaker, I do not think a misstatement of facts should be allowed to go on the records of this House. The Captain Andrews referred to was poisoned by his wife, and the woman is now serving a term in prison for her crime."

"And that was the judgment of God for his sin," said Fernandez. "God mov-

ed the woman to go and give him poison."

After that the report of the committee throwing out the bill was adopted, and the House took a recess until afternoon.

### AFTERNOON SESSION.

At the afternoon session the House, on motion of Kellinoff, went on with the disposition of reports of standing committees, in order to get them out of the way. Two members of the Judiciary Committee reported against Kaniho's bill to let any old body practice law, and the other three submitted this: "We do not concur in the above majority report."

"That is misleading," said the Speaker, "and the report is referred back to the committee."

The Finance Committee reported against the resolution to award L. Ahlo \$227 from the Chinese fund, because it had not been shown that he was entitled to any such amount, and because the house could not appropriate money by resolution, anyway.

There were majority and minority reports from the Judiciary Committee on Wright's bill to permit the government of the Territory to condemn and cover back into the public domain all lands that had been lying waste and uncultivated for ten years or more. The majority report went to show that the bill was unconstitutional, but Wright, who had signed the minority report alone said: "I have read the constitution of the United States and I don't find anything in that document in conflict with the provisions of this act." Then the bill was shelved.

### REFUSES TO ADJOURN.

An effort to get an adjournment at this juncture failed, and the nine members of the Molokai special committee were excused to visit the Kailhi Receiving Station with Dr. Cooper. The Speaker literally held the house to its work. After many minor reports had been disposed of, dry matter but essential to the labor of the house, the regular order was taken up. This was the reading and advancement of various bills on their way along the routine legislative path. Knudsen interrupted this to make a statement on a question of personal privilege.

"I have heard on the street," he said, "an intimation that I had sneaked an appropriation of \$20,000 for the Waimea bridge into the Emergency Appropriation bill after that measure had gone to the conference committee. It will be remembered that when that bill passed the house, Kauai was given nothing at all. I had been told that the building of the Waimea bridge on Kauai was an urgent necessity, and I went to Superintendent Cooper and was told by him that the need for the bridge was not an urgent need, and anyway it would take months to get the iron for it from the mainland. After the bill had been passed in the House one of the Senators told me that there was an urgent need for this work, and accordingly I sent a note up to a Senator in the conference to ask that the bridge be provided for. That was all I had to do with it. I did not insert the \$20,000 item, nor procure its insertion farther than this."

"I would, as the bill is urgent, ask the House to take up and pass the Emergency bill, and I am willing to let the \$20,000 item go to bring about that end."

There was some discussion following all this, the conclusion of which will probably be that the bill will be called up on Monday.

### GARBAGE BILL KILLED.

The House proceeded with the regular order, and the Boyd garbage bill came up on second reading. The measure, on motion of Wright, was indefinitely postponed. There was a close call on the show of hands on this, and Greenwell stood up for a rising vote. Ten members stood up in support of the Wright motion to indefinitely postpone consideration, and ten against it—and then the Speaker declared the motion carried, thus in effect casting the deciding vote against this piece of iniquity.

## NEW JURORS ARE DRAWN

### Judge Robinson Will Preside at May Term.

Ninety-eight jurors have been drawn for the May Term of court at which Judge Robinson will preside. Both Robinson and De Bolt will have juries and the former will hear the criminal cases. Judge Gear will preside at chambers as he has been doing for the past two terms, or since he refused to play in the judicial gardens with any one else.

The bill providing that three judges may hold court at the same time has already passed both houses and is now in the hands of the Governor for signature. There is also likely to be some change in the manner of drawing juries, and the panel already drawn may be rendered invalid if the Legislature provides a different method.

The following are the juries drawn for both courts, the grand jurors to meet summoned for Judge Robinson's court on Monday, May 4th, being as follows: Charles Phillips, E. Woodward, W. M. Cunningham, George E. Thompson, T. F. Lansing, C. H. Rose, J. A. Kennedy, Gus Schuman, Frank E. Nichols, A. W. Pearson, A. M. Mellis, P. Muhlenhoff, W. K. Rathburn, Daniel Paniani, J. J. Byrne, John Plunkett, R. Ryerhoff, Edward Hanapi, Charles H. W. Norton, Otto Graef, E. D. Tenney, H. S. Swinton, D. K. Dayton.

The trial jurors summoned by Judge Robinson for the afternoon of the same day are: Clinton J. Hutchins, F. E. King, J. A. Gonsalves, Frank L. W. King, R. K. Pahau, A. H. Tardston, H. de la Cruz, George W. Patterson, George Roenitz, J. W. Smithies, A. H. R. Vierra, John Crowder, Joseph Lualaba, W. D. Hamilton, George L. Desha, J. Record, M. E. Silva, C. Lambert, A. A. Montano, M. S. Deponte, A. Record, J. W. Chapman, J. J. Hogan, W. L. Eaton, J. E. Muriz, A. J. Marcellino, L. A. C. Parish, J. K. Inch, J. A. Noble, George K. Kaia, William Mossman, Jr., A. R. Phillips, S. Kube, Horace G. Crabbe, W. B. Rice, George K. Fox.

Judge De Bolt has summoned his jurors for 9:30 a. m. on May 4 as follows:

The regular order proceeded until the Senate bill to provide a custodian for the Chinese fund came up on second reading. This caused a breeze, but eventually the matter went to the Finance Committee. The House, following this, went into committee of the whole on Kaniho's leper bill, but as that gentleman was not present consideration was deferred and the committee rose again and reported progress, asking leave to sit again.

### IN THE SENATE.

House Bills No. 5, 69 and 144 reached the Senate and passed first reading.

The House action on the Governor's vetoes was communicated.

Senator McCandless for the Public Lands Committee reported favorably the bill for two pay days in a month, with an amendment to make it apply only to laborers on public works. To do this in all departments the committee said would be "too expensive."

Senator McCandless also reported favorably the bill for Wailuku fire department and recommended the appropriation of \$2000 for the purchase of equipment. Both reports to be considered with the bills.

Senator Achi presented a resolution instructing the Sergeant-at-Arms to send copies of bills to the House as passed. Already being done.

### NEW BILLS.

Senator Dickey introduced the following bills prepared by the Chief Justice and Bar Association:

An act relating to agriculture and forestry; an act amending the law upon coroner's inquests; an act relating to the High Sheriff, Deputy Sheriff and police; acts amending the following laws: "Relating to Taxation, Education and Judicial districts and consolidating the same; relating to offenses against the election laws; repealing the law of 1895 appointing a labor commission; relating to the Treasury department; amending the law relating to auditor and deputy auditor; an act relating to taxes; an act amending the law relating to stamp duties; repealing the law relating to currency."

All bills passed first reading. Senator Isenberg objected that the bills were not translated and said that the Senate had no money to pay for this. He wanted them sent back to the Chief Justice for translation. No action was taken.

### INSURANCE BILL.

Senator Baldwin for the Committee on Ways and Means reported favorably the fire insurance bill saying the one per cent. tax would bring in more revenue. The law would also keep out bogus concerns.

### BILLS REFERRED.

The following bills were referred to Committees on second reading, Senate Bills 66, 118, 141, 155, 168, 170, 171, House Bills 94, 67, and 83.

### LONG BILL DISCUSSION.

Senator Brown moved that the Long House bill be referred to the Judiciary Committee. He said the Senate general municipal bill was in the House and if passed the Long bill was unnecessary.

Senator Achi said that without the Long bill Honolulu would have to pay double taxes and have two sets of officers. He was in favor of the Long bill.

Senator Achi wanted the bill to go to the special municipal committee but it was sent to the Judiciary.

### BILLS PASSED.

Senate Bill No. 139 repealing the law for the inspection of fire arms passed third reading with fifteen ayes. The same action was taken on No. 161 providing for the arrest of any per-

## STILL HAS THE BONDS

### Humphreys' Order Has Not Been Obeyed.

M. P. Robinson and S. C. Allen, trustees of the estate of the late James Robinson, have filed their annual report in the Circuit Court. The total inventory of the estate shows property worth a little less than half a million dollars. The receipts for the year amounted to \$50,090.16 and the expenditures \$49,202.49.

The inventory shows the estate to be worth \$444,977.67, which is divided as follows:

Hilo Railroad bonds.....	\$170,500.00
O. R. & L. Co. bonds.....	17,000.00
Hawaiian Hotel bonds.....	11,000.00
Wailuku Sugar Co., 162 shares.....	16,200.00
Kohala Sugar Co., 1045 shares.....	104,500.00
Notes.....	15,000.00
Real property.....	110,400.00
Cash on hand.....	\$27.67

Total.....\$444,977.67

The executors of the estate still hold the Hilo Railroad and O. R. & L. Co. bonds which Judge Humphreys held must be taken over by the trustees. The Supreme Court upheld the lower court as to the purchase for the estate of bonds in which M. P. Robinson was interested. For some reason or other the estate holds the same amount of bonds as when Humphreys made the order. In the past year the value of the estate has been increased from \$299,298.87 to \$444,977.67.

C. S. Desky, H. C. Bickerton, C. N. Marquez, P. Halstead, W. Smith, W. A. Love, T. C. McGuire, A. C. Lovelkin, S. Koki, D. Kamakauha, H. F. Wichman, J. K. Prendergast, W. L. Hopper, T. McTigue, T. W. Hobron, L. H. Miranda, T. R. Mossman, L. C. Ables, E. M. Marshall, L. T. Peck, David Noley, J. M. Aiu, S. L. Horner, L. I. Austin, W. H. Charlock, Alexander May, George H. Greene, J. D. Holt, Jr., E. S. Holt, A. S. Kaleloa, F. W. Macfarlane, D. H. Kahanamoku, H. Saylor, John Wise, A. Fernandez, Sam Kamoku.

son having lottery tickets; also on the bill for the settling of exceptions.

Senate Bill No. 162 which gives police the right to raid a gambling game without a search warrant went over to Monday on objection of Senator Brown that he was doubtful of the extraordinary powers conferred upon the police.

Senate Bill No. 137 exempting railway material from taxation before construction was laid on the table on adoption of the committee's adverse report.

Senate Bill No. 138 amending the law relating to liquid explosives passed second reading with the committee amendments. Third reading Monday. The bill exempting the Pacific Heights Railway from taxes for five years passed second reading. To be read third time on Monday.

### PASS UNPAID BILLS.

Consideration of unpaid bills was then taken up. The committee report against the item of \$5,000 for Hawaii Mill Co. for road building was rejected and the item passed. Members of the committee claimed the road was in the plantation. They said the chairman of the road board, J. A. Scott, had been made to sign the voucher through undue influence.

Senator Isenberg produced papers to prove that the road board had authorized the road, and signed the vouchers which were approved by Boyd. The road went through land occupied by settlers. He referred to Scott as "the gentleman who sat in my chair lobbying with Senators" and said the committee had heard but one side.

Senator Baldwin said the road had been authorized and the amount should be paid. Senator Brown said that it was an extraordinary statement to make that the voucher had been approved by the road board under undue influence, but if true the quicker he was put out of office the better.

### AFTERNOON SESSION.

In the afternoon consideration of the bill was resumed. All items were passed until "J. J. Beher, \$3549.50, for Wai-kiki road," was reached. Senator McCandless said the road was built for the Rapid Transit Co. and the government should not pay for it. Achi defended the item saying the contract was made by the Territory and the Rapid Transit Co. paid more than its share in order to hurry the work. The item passed, ten to one.

An item of \$10.49 for H. S. Crocker & Co. of San Francisco was inserted. The items for personal services and interest on the Hamakua forest fire claim were stricken out.

An item of \$237.29 for paying John Nott was inserted. The item of \$57.50 for C. H. Dickerson, commission on buying mules, was stricken out on motion of Achi who said the officials could buy their own mules.

The item of \$126 for Oahu Sugar Co. rent of school houses was cut in half.

An item of \$12.50 for Wailuku Soda Works was cut out. This was said to be for the schools and it was remarked that whiskey and beer might be served next.

The item of \$2,000, traveling expenses of E. S. Boyd to Washington, passed with a little adverse comment on the side.

The bill passed second reading. To be read a third time on Monday.

### NEW BILLS.

Senator C. Brown gave notice of a bill amending the act to reorganize a judiciary and adding a new section.

Senator Dickey reported for the Miscellaneous Committee recommending the adoption of the amendments to the bill relating to explosives. One amendment was proposed, namely, the construction of an earthen wall about the tanks containing crude oil.

The Senate adjourned at 8:40.







# WANT THE COFFEE BOUNTY

**Needed to Make Maui Crop Pay.**

MAUI, April 11.—The proposed bounty on coffee of four cents per pound will be a great boon to island coffee planters.

One of the principal planters of Maui stated recently that he had several tons of coffee on hand which he could not afford to sell at the present prices prevailing both in Honolulu and San Francisco. He was offered nine cents per pound by Honolulu dealers, the coffee to be delivered by him to Kahului ready for shipment. The San Francisco people proposed to give him nine and one-half cents per pound, all freight charges to be paid by him.

He further stated that the coffee actually cost him about ten cents per pound to raise. Hence a subsidy of four cents on coffee means much to an industry that has been almost wholly abandoned and to revive the production of coffee which was second in importance only to sugar means much to the prosperity of the Territory.

## MAUI RACING ASSOCIATION.

Tuesday evening, the 7th, the Maui Racing Association held its annual meeting in the Waialua court house. The following officers were elected for 1903 and 1904: G. B. Robertson, president; J. J. Walsh, vice-president; D. L. Meyers, secretary; W. T. Robinson, treasurer, and J. Kirkland, J. N. K. Keola and George Kinney, executive committee.

The sum of \$1,350 was appropriated as the sum total to be used for purses at the next 4th of July meet to be held at Spreckels' Park, Kahului. The amount voted seems hardly large enough to attract Honolulu sporting gentry especially if Hilo should offer larger inducements.

## BASEBALL.

The practice game of baseball played on the 5th at Wells' Park, Waialua, between the "Morning Stars" and the "Waialua" resulted in a victory for the former by the score of 10 to 0. Kruger pitched for the "Stars" and Geo. Cummings and Dr. Boote for the "Waialua."

On the 12th the first league game of the season will be played at Wells' Park between the same clubs, with different pitchers. Charlie Thompson will act for the "Waialua" and the famous Jackson for the "Stars." It is reported that Kruger will pitch for the "Kahului" and Searle for the "Lahaina" during the present season.

## STRAY NOTES.

The cane "hopper" is doing damage in some of the fields of Waialua and Waiehe plantations.

Saturday, the 4th, Miss Ellis of Los Angeles, accompanied by Misses Burger and Rice of Maunaloa Seminary, made a trip to the crater of Haleakala, returning Sunday evening. They had a magnificent view of the extinct volcano.

Arthur C. Alexander of Honolulu is doing some surveying for the H. C. & S. Co. in Waialua.

Petitions to the Legislature advocating "local option" have been in circulation on the island during the present week.

Tuesday afternoon, the 7th, the Makawao Ladies' Aid Society met at Mrs. D. C. Lindsay's residence, Paia.

Saturday afternoon, the 4th, the first polo game of the season took place at Sunnyside grounds, Paia. It was L. von Tempky, H. A. Baldwin, G. S. Aiken and Joe Taylor versus F. S. Baldwin, Geo. Wilbur, D. C. Lindsay and E. Peck. The score was in favor of Baldwin's side—4 to 2.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Dowsett and three children arrived on Maui per Mauna Loa of Tuesday night and are the guests of Mrs. Dowsett of Makawao.

Wednesday evening, the 8th, forty residents of Makawao much enjoyed a "chowder party" on the sea-beach at Paia near the old depot. After a fine clam chowder sand-fights and bathing by moonlight completed the order of pleasurable events.

H. A. Baldwin of Hamakua goes to Honolulu today for a brief visit.

Wednesday, the 8th, the steamer "American" arrived in Kahului from Honolulu and after taking on board 2,000 tons of sugar, departed this morning for Kaaanapali where she will load 1,000 tons of Pioneer plantation sugar and then depart for Hilo.

This morning the steamer Nebraskan arrived in Kahului from Honolulu with 800 tons of merchandise for "A" and "B" Maui stores.

Mrs. Kittredge of Oakland, (the mother of Mrs. F. F. Baldwin of Puunene) and J. P. Cooke of Honolulu, came to Maui on the steamer.

The past winter has been the coldest in many years on Maui.

Weather: Generally clear with the trades blowing briskly. Rains on Friday.

## Epidemic Among Maui Children.

MAUI, April 11.—There is an epidemic of sickness among the children of Hamakua, Paia, Kula and vicinity. It is not of a serious nature and lasts but two or three days. However, it makes the sufferer most uncomfortable as the stomach is much affected, causing vomiting and rendering the digestive organs so sensitive that all food is objectionable. Dr. W. F. McConkey has had a hundred patients under his care recently.

# RETIREMENT OF VETERAN JOURNALIST

**Henry M. Whitney Has Taken Off Harness.**

For fifty-four years Henry M. Whitney has served the public in the honorable career of journalism—fifty-four years of hard work, of untiring watchfulness for the public interest—fifty-four years of war upon the wrong and war for the right. Truly that has been honorable service. But now, in his old age, his eyes are giving out and he has been driven from his last hold, the editorship of the Planters' Monthly, by his physician's orders. He retires with the esteem of all those living who have ever known him, and with the knowledge that his services have been, at all times, a service for what his conscience told him to be right. Sublimely that is an honorable consciousness for any man to have who has been so long in the service. Men do not live long in journalism in these later times. The life is more strenuous, now perhaps, perhaps the men who are living it are not of the same stern fiber that the fathers were.

"It is a long time, a long, long time," Mr. Whitney said, yesterday, his mind going back over the years that are gone, the years so full of busy use. Truly, the years that a man uses so fast. "I was a boy, little more than that, in the printing house of Harper & Bros., in New York, when my thoughts turned toward this far off island country. I was the foreman of Harpers. I served them two years, and served the Bible Society two years. But I was with the Harpers when the opportunity came to me to come to the Islands. It came through the late Dr. Judd. He made me an offer, on behalf of the royal government and I accepted it. I met Dr. Judd and the two Kamehameha Princes, Lot and Liholilo, in San Francisco. These two were kings, afterwards, you know, as Kamehameha IV and Kamehameha V. I came from New York to meet them. They came from the Islands to meet me. That was in the days of the gold excitement, in 1849. It was no light job, making a trip to California in those times. I came by way of the Isthmus, and had to wait a long time to get a passage to Panama. It cost me \$200 in gold, that far, when I did get it. "Then they did not have steamers enough to take the people away from the Isthmus, and so I had to wait there three or four weeks to get a passage to San Francisco. And that cost me \$300 more. It was different then from what it is now, you see. I came from San Francisco in a brig to Honolulu, making the run in fourteen days, a quick passage. I had only one fellow passenger on that voyage, Mr. Gorham D. Gilman. He is still living in Boston, where he has made a fortune. Everybody was good to me in Honolulu. I was put in charge of the government printing office at once, the royal family was most kind to me, and for two or three years I was the editor of the Polynesian newspaper. I had everything my own way.

"Then I started the Pacific Commercial Advertiser in 1856, and ran it for fifteen years. I gave up the paper, temporarily, in 1870, at which time Black & Auld took hold and ran it for some years. I took charge of the paper again in 1878, and gave it up finally in 1896. For some years before that date, however, Henry Castle had been the editor.

"For seventeen years I have been the editor of the Planters' Monthly. That publication was begun in 1882, and for two years W. O. Smith was the editor. Afterwards Lorin A. Thurston was in charge for two years, and then I took hold and have been in the harness ever since. Fifty-four years! That probably seems a long time, to you. I have been compelled to let go. My eye-sight is so bad that I can scarcely see. It is impossible for me to write. Oh, I am willing to quit. I have been at work long enough," but the old face saddened as he said it. For where was ever the man who was willing in his heart to quit?

"It has been a long day," Mr. Whitney went on. "A long day! But the work has been worth while. I have seen many men come and go. I am almost the last of the old-timers left, now—what we call the 'kamaainas.' "Oh, yes; I knew Horace Greeley, in the old days, in New York. He was the editor of the Tribune, and was making his name felt. He used to pass every day under the window of the office where I was at work. And I used to meet him in the Tribune office, too. I remember his old long-tailed white coat flopping about his heels as though it had been yesterday. But I was not intimate with him. He was one of the leaders, and I was only beginning, then.

"Did you know that I brought the first power press to these Islands. It an Adams, and it was brought across the Isthmus.

"I was in New York two years ago," Mr. Whitney concluded. "It is a different place to what it was in my time. The Tribune office is a different place from Greeley's Tribune office. They do things in a bigger way, now. Times change, and men."

A PAIN IN THE CHEST is nature's warning of a threatened attack of pneumonia. Dampen a piece of flannel with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bind over the seat of pain, and another on the back between the shoulders. One application gives relief. Try it. All Dealers and Druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

# CITY BILL GOES THROUGH IN THE LOWER HOUSE

(Continued from page 1.)

Chinese merchants, requested a refund of \$4,505.61, which he alleged had been illegally collected in merchandise licenses.

The resolutions adopted by the Chamber of Commerce on Saturday were received and laid on the table. Senator Achi wanted the Senate to consider the Standard Telephone Company franchise immediately, but Senator Brown's motion to lay on the table prevailed.

## AGAINST ASIATICS.

A petition was received from the Citizens' Hackmen's Union against the amendment of the Ways and Means Committee which made the Hackmen's bill refer only to subsequent licenses, and saying that the amendment struck out the only thing that would "better their business." To be considered with the bill.

A petition was read from the Hawaiian Protective Association, and endorsed by the Trades Council, that all licenses be limited to citizens. To be taken up with any bill that may be introduced.

## COMMITTEE REPORTS.

The Judiciary Committee reported favorably Senate Bill No. 170, providing for a compilation of Supreme Court reports. Report adopted, bill to be read a third time today.

The same committee reported favorably the bill amending the general railroad law, of which there is some question of constitutionality. The committee proposes several amendments, one taking from the Superintendent of Public Works the power of approval of mortgages. The bill provides for a jury to fix the value of land taken by condemnation, instead of a commission. To be considered with the bill.

Senator Dickey, for the Miscellaneous Committee, reported favorably the House bill providing for the right of action for damages.

Senator Wilcox, for the Health Committee, reported favorably the bill amending the law relating to building permits. Report adopted; bill to be read a third time today.

## TELEPHONE FIGHT.

Senator Achi introduced a bill granting a franchise to the Standard Telephone Company. Senator C. Brown objected to suspension of the rules, but Achi's motion prevailed, 10 to 3. The bill passed first reading and will be given second reading today.

Senator C. Brown introduced a bill to amend the beer license act, in order to meet the objections of Governor Dole. Senator Dickey moved that the local option bill be taken from the table. Lost, 6 to 5.

The bill appropriating \$2,337.85 for reimbursement of road boards to whom Wilcox failed to send money passed third reading with 13 yeas.

Action on the House bill providing hackmen's licenses was deferred until Wednesday, at the request of Senator McCandless, who said that Aylett, the introducer, had asked this so that he could see what disposition is to be made of the county bill.

The bill for the purchase of Pauoa springs was referred back to the committee on motion of Senator Baldwin, who said the committee wished to make more amendments.

Senate Bill No. 136, providing a High School for Hilo, passed third reading with 13 yeas.

## MEDICAL BILL KILLED.

Senate Bill No. 50, regulating the practice of surgery, medicine, etc., was laid on the table, on motion of Senator McCandless, by a vote of 8 to 5. Ikenberg, McCandless, Achi and Woods voted with the four Home Rulers.

The bill reorganizing the militia passed second reading on the adoption of the committee report. Third reading today.

The third reading of the act relating to negotiable instruments went over until evening.

Action on the bill amending the law relating to liquid explosives went over until Wednesday, at the request of McCandless. He said the section relating

to gasoline would work serious injury. Senator Crabbe said the proposed law would close Oahu Plantation and keep out automobiles, etc. Senator Dickey replied that the section was in the present law.

The bill exempting the Pacific Heights Railway from taxes passed third reading, 12 to 2. Kalaauokalani and Kaohi voting no. Senator Brown was excused from voting, saying he was interested. Kalaauokalani at first refused to vote, but was compelled to do so by the chairman.

The bill to suppress gambling passed third reading, but with an amendment by Brown taking from the police the power to enter buildings without search warrants.

The bill appropriating money for unpaid bills was taken up. Senator Paris moved the insertion of a number of unpaid bills submitted by the Department of Public Works, aggregating about \$4,000. Rejected, to be placed in the appropriation bill.

On motion of Senator Paris the item of \$12.50 for the Waialua Soda Works was reintroduced. He explained that the bill was for water for the reformatory, and not for soda water.

## AFTERNOON SESSION.

In the afternoon the bill passed unanimously with ten yeas. The total amount appropriated is \$169,714.23.

Senate Bill No. 149, relating to insurance, went over until Wednesday.

Senate Bill No. 159, for protection against explosives, passed second reading on the adoption of the committee report. To be read a third time today.

House Bill No. 5, relating to drawing of juries, and No. 69, amending act 20, were referred to the Judiciary Committee.

House Bill 104, providing an optum law, was referred to the Committee on Public Expenditures.

House Bill No. 99, fixing two pay days in a month, passed second reading on adoption of committee report. To be read a third time today.

Senate Bill No. 172, amending the medical law, was referred to the Miscellaneous Committee.

Senate Bill No. 184, providing for the enforcement of decrees in equity passed second reading. To be read a third time today.

Senate Bill No. 92, "An act relating to negotiable instruments," was taken from the table and passed third reading, 10 to 1, Paris voting no.

# DEATH OF MISS SARAH CORNEY

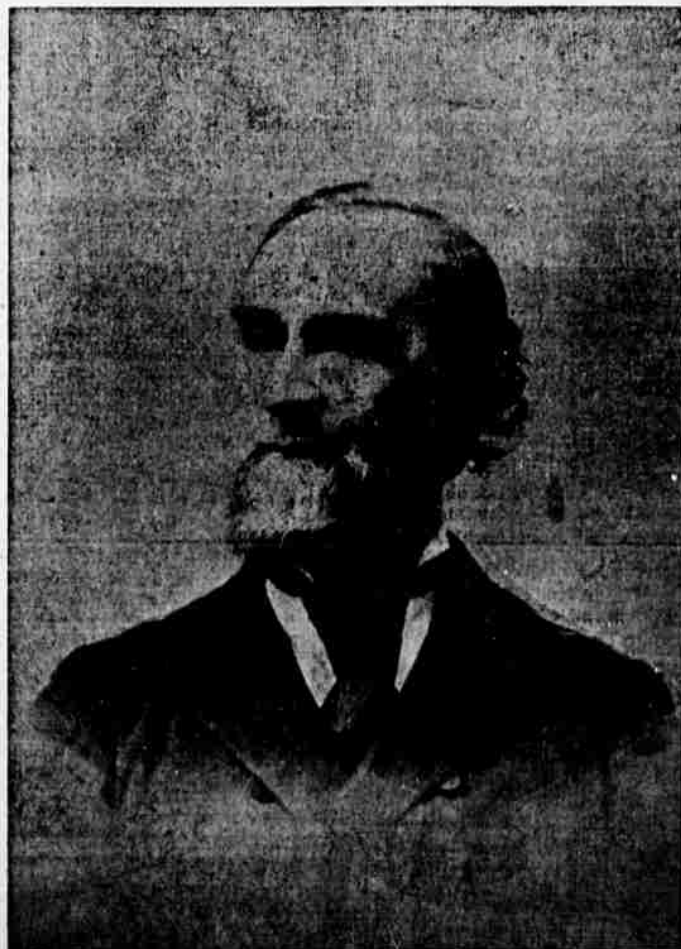
(From Monday's daily.)

Miss Sarah Frances Corney, one of the kamaainas of Honolulu, died at twelve noon yesterday, at her residence corner of King street and Cottage Grove, where she has resided for some time past with her sister, Mrs. Dudoit. She has been in poor health for two or three years. In the last few months her health declined rapidly and she passed away peacefully, a few of her old friends being at her bedside.

Miss Corney was born in London, England, on February 26, 1828, and was therefore in her seventy-eighth year. She came to Honolulu when a young girl and has resided here ever since. For many years she was the principal of Puhukina school. When the Stranger's Friend Society was organized a little more than half a century ago, Miss Corney was one of its charter members, and her death leaves only two other charter members living in Honolulu—Mrs. Dudoit and Mrs. Persis G. Taylor. She was a member of the Episcopal Church.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock from St. Andrew's Cathedral.

John T. Moir, of the Oahu Sugar Company, arrived on the Kinan from Hilo and will leave on the China for Scotland where he will join his family, returning to Hawaii in October.



HENRY M. WHITNEY.

# STANDARD TELEPHONE IS FAVORED

**Business Men in Plans to Have a Line for New Franchise.**

(From Sunday's Daily.)

With a resolution declaring that its members favor the passage of the bill granting a franchise to the Standard Telephone Company, the Chamber of Commerce set its seal of disapproval upon the Mutual Telephone Company yesterday morning. In the afternoon, after a deal of talk, and finally a vote just as strong in its condemnation, the Merchants' Association reconsidered and gave the Mutual company until Tuesday to present its statement in rebuttal of the testimony of the committee of experts.

Both the meetings were largely attended and the feeling ran high. The report of the joint committee of the two bodies was read, the procedure being the same in each meeting. Chairman Macfarlane read the report which was as follows:

## FINDINGS OF THE COMMITTEE.

"Your committee, after carefully questioning the experts, have arrived at the following conclusions, viz:

"First—The company have neglected to cable wires as far as possible within the following districts, viz: King, Alakea, Hotel, Merchant and Queen streets.

"Second—That there are a number of dead cables and dead wires on many of the streets and wires so crowded on cross-arms and distance between some poles so great as to make it impossible to maintain any kind of a satisfactory service.

"Third—Glass insulators should be used instead of porcelain knobs on cross-arms, which are in a bad condition.

"Fourth—That the King street cable is in a very bad condition, and has been so for a long time, is borne out by the statement of the Superintendent that seventy-five per cent. of the wires in said cable are out of use, and will account for complaints of many subscribers.

"Fifth—Outside force insufficient to expedite the work of repairing and renovating.

"Sixth—Apparent ignorance on the part of the company of what are dead and what are live cables, entering the tower, as well as what are dead and what are live wires on the poles.

"Seventh—The necessity for more and better operators. From the general testimony of the experts, your committee are satisfied that the cables and wires of the Mutual Telephone Company, with few exceptions, are in a very bad condition, and unless immediately vigorous steps are taken to correct these conditions, we cannot look for any improvement in the telephone service."

The report is signed by F. W. Macfarlane, James A. Kennedy, C. L. Wright and W. Pfotenbauer.

## ENDS IN ADVERSE ACTION.

In addition he read the letter sent by the committee to President J. O. Carter, of the Mutual company, with a copy of the experts report, and asking questions which appear suggested in the closing paragraphs of the report, as indicated. The letter from the company was offered, setting forth that the superintendent was preparing a full answer and asking for time in which to get it in, say the first of the week. Then followed the testimony of the experts, showing a condition worse than had been anticipated in any of the former statements, how the dead wires cumbered the street, poles were too far apart and cross arms insecure, with porcelain instead of glass as insulators.

In the Chamber of Commerce the report was accepted and there was some argument upon it. F. J. Lowrey moved that the secretary be requested to notify the President of the Senate and the Chairman of the House that the Chamber of Commerce favored the adoption of the bill to grant the franchise to the Standard Company. Mr. Swanzy seconded the motion in a strong speech, and despite the suggestion of Mr. Macfarlane, that there should be time granted owing to the courtesies which had been shown to the committee in the making of the investigation, the motion passed with a large majority.

## MERCHANTS WILL HEAR ARGUMENT.

In the Merchants' Association there was a long discussion. Many members showed that they favored the passage of the Chamber of Commerce motion, as made by Robert Catton, but there was an undercurrent, put into words by J. G. Rothwell, that the company should have the time needed and that there should be an investigation of rates before the Association tied itself up to a new company. The motion of Catton was adopted with four negative votes, whereupon Mr. Macfarlane explained that he was not voting owing to the fact that as a committeeman he felt that there should be time for a defense. Wright made the same point, and then on motion of a matter was reconsidered and for action Tuesday, the company ready with its report at 10 o'clock morning, and the meeting to be 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

There was an effort made to the Board of Directors take action, but this was voted down, to the importance of the question it was felt that the expression of opinion was such that it would be a great deal to change the mind of the members.

During the discussion it was brought out that the rates set forth in the for the Standard Telephone Comp

# HILO WILL CELEBRATE NATAL DAY

**Plans to Have a 4th of July Time.**

HILO, April 10.—By order of the chairman of the Fourth of July executive committee of last year, a meeting is called at Fireman's Hall tonight (Friday) to make preliminary arrangements for celebrating the Fourth of July this year. The special purpose of the meeting is to canvass the proposition of having a fire works display of adequate proportions. The meeting is called for 7:30 sharp. All business men are especially invited.

Captain Harris and the other owners of the Julia Whalen are seriously considering the proposition of putting the vessel in this island's trade, with headquarters at Hilo.

The Allied Trades of Hilo held a meeting last Saturday night and appointed a committee of twelve to draw up a constitution and by-laws for the organization. They meet again tomorrow night to adopt the same and perfect a general organization.

The Speckels-Brown case came on for hearing Tuesday. The witnesses examined by Wednesday night were A. B. Loebenstein, George Beckley and E. D. Baldwin. Their testimony related solely to boundary matters.

John Watt, the well known manager of Honokaa, leaves this district in a few days, having severed his connection with the Honokaa Sugar Company, whose manager he has been for the past thirteen years. Mr. Watt came to Hamakua about fifteen years ago as head overseer of the Pauahua plantation. Noting his energy and success while holding this position, the owners of the Honokaa Sugar Company offered him the management of their property, which he accepted.

An incident very complimentary to George S. McKenzie occurred at the court house last evening when Judge Little, on behalf of the employees of the Volcano Stables and Transportation Company, presented him with a fine gold watch.

The new depot on the up town extension of the Hilo Railroad is almost completed. The station will be called Lihika, meaning "Ocean's Edge."

P. Peck returned Wednesday by the Kinan from Honolulu. In Honolulu he was in conference with various people in the interest of the Hilo-Kohala Railroad. Mr. Peck said to a Tribune representative: "Our matters are now in good shape and unless unforeseen obstacles arise in the shape of unfriendly legislation by the Legislature, we will be able to break ground on July 4. We hope to be able to give the celebration of Independence Day an extraordinary meaning for the people of Hilo."

# SIMPLE JUSTICE TO DR. GOODHUE

A somewhat serious injustice has been done to Dr. Goodhue, physician at the leper settlement on Molokai, because of a misinterpretation of what was said by one of the unfortunate lepers, A. K. Hutchinson, at the meeting held at Bereetan Hall, Kalaupapa, to state any grievances and wants the patients might feel to the members of the legislative committee that recently visited the island. Hutchinson was being questioned as to the medical treatment given the lepers, and as to the wish that had been expressed by some of them to have Dr. Goto sent to Molokai to apply his treatment for leprosy. Hutchinson spoke in Hawaiian, and did not speak very distinctly, owing to his disease, and the interpretation of what he did say was difficult. He did say, however, that Dr. Goto was no good, and his leprosy treatment was not a cure. Then he was questioned about Dr. Goodhue and his work, and it was here that the injustice was done. Accordingly to the published accounts, from the interpretation, Hutchinson was made to say that Dr. Goodhue was the worst he had seen in twenty-four years. What really was said was this: "How about Dr. Goodhue?" Hutchinson was asked.

His answer was: "He is the best physician we have had at the Settlement in twenty-four years, and he has helped me more than any doctor we have ever had here."

"And it is a fact," said Superintendent McVeigh, of the Leper Settlement, last night. "Dr. Goodhue is the best man we have ever had there. In an experience of twelve years, going back and forth to Molokai, I have never seen a man who understood his work better, nor one who did so much for the unfortunate in his charge. He is popular, they all like him, and he does for them what no other man has ever done."

Death of







**Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.**

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of  
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., AGTS.

**German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.****Fortuna General Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.**

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.  
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agents.

**General Insurance Co. for Sea, River and Land Transport of Dresden.**

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.  
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.



**Rare Jewels**

Such as carried by us leave no room for criticism.

You will find jewels in our stock, mounted to perfection.

No new thing escapes our notice, likewise do we originate new pieces on new lines, and can please in every way.

**H.F. WICHMAN**  
BOX 342.

**LIQUOR AGENT GETS \$100 FINE**

Cyrus T. Green, agent of the Rothenberg Company, a San Francisco whiskey house, has been found guilty of selling liquor without a license and fined \$100. The case will probably be appealed.

Mr. Green, on his recent trip to the Coast, accepted the agency of the Rothenberg Company. On his return he solicited orders for the firm and secured quite a number which were, in due time, filled. So far he was within the pale of the law, but it is claimed that he recently received twelve cases, of which only two were bona fide orders, the rest being consigned for sale. The police succeeded in securing a spy who, it was claimed, bought a case of liquor from Green for \$8. This is where Mr. Green blundered.

So far as soliciting orders for the San Francisco firm and forwarding them to be filled and shipped to the parties ordering, the inter-state laws protect Mr. Green, but there is a wide distinction between that course and having whiskey shipped here to be sold on consignment. Lovejoy & Co. and Macfarlane & Co. each pay \$1,000 per annum as a Territorial license, and as a protection to them others who sell liquor on consignment without a license should be cinched.

Mr. Green claims that the particular case of whiskey for the sale of which he was convicted, was duly ordered of Rothenberg & Co., through him as agent, and that the order was duly forwarded to the San Francisco house, who filled the order and shipped the goods.

Mr. Green was arrested under two separate charges of the same nature, and upon the conclusion of the first trial yesterday the trial in the second case was immediately taken up, the result of which was that he was convicted and fined \$100 on the second charge also.—Maui News.

**Growth of Fruit Industry.**

"What's doing in the fruit line these days?" asked the Meddler. "I've not heard much about bananas lately."  
"The industry is growing slowly," answered the Cheerful Liar. "In Oahu quite a number of acres are being cleared and planted to bananas and I believe that a year from now the shipments will be three times as large as they are now. Lycourgos got good returns from those he sent up by the Enterprise last month, though some of the bunches turned black before reaching their destination. He believes that this trouble could be remedied in a measure by carrying the fruit on deck instead of in the hold of the steamer."—Hilo Herald.

**MISS KENNEDY'S CASE****WHY SHE LEFT HER STUDIES AT THE HIGH SCHOOL.**

Every Mother of a Growing Girl Will be Interested in the Story as Told by the Young Lady Herself.

The circumstances under which Bertha Kennedy was taken from her studies in the High School will be of interest to all mothers of growing girls. Miss Kennedy said to a reporter:

"When I was fourteen years old I began to decline in health on account of a suppression of the natural functions of my sex, and I am sure I would never have been the healthy girl I am now if it had not been for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I was entirely without color, thin as a rail, nervous and irritable, tired and lifeless and in a seriously low state of health in general. Although a good doctor was treating me, he failed to do me any good and my parents were very much alarmed about me.

"I was taken from the high school on account of my poor health, but continued to grow worse. Then I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and with the first few doses began to feel better. Four boxes brought about the desired result and a few more boxes restored me entirely to health. Now I have a good color, am strong and active and have not seen a sick day from that time to the present."

Miss Kennedy lives at Canton Junction, Mass., and both she and her mother are willing to verify the above statement.

The trouble with which Miss Kennedy was afflicted often causes severe headache, loss of appetite, pale or sallow complexion, palpitation of the heart, swollen ankles or legs, nervousness, offensive breath, etc., etc. The sufferer may exhibit one or more of these symptoms, or may have all. They simply indicate the ravages disease has made upon the system, and the more of these symptoms the patient shows the greater the necessity for prompt and persistent treatment, until they have been banished and the bloom of health is restored. To accomplish this end, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the only unfailing remedy. They positively cure all suppressions and irregularities, which, if neglected, inevitably entail sickness and trouble.

At all druggists, or direct from Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., fifty cents per box; six boxes for two dollars and fifty cents.

**Diversified Industries.**

Almost continuously since its inception, the News has steadily advocated diversified industries on the Islands, and it is with a sense of gratification that it regards the later efforts of the Island press generally in this direction. All of our eggs have heretofore been carried in one basket, and any serious blow to our sugar industry would necessarily be paralyzing in its effects. There is no question but that new lines of industry can and will be created on these Islands, and no matter what the future history of sugar may be, it is vitally important that every other avenue of wealth should be explored thoroughly, and as many new paying industries should be inaugurated as the possibilities will admit.—Maui News.

**AGAINST THE TIDE.**

Rowing against the tide is hard work, even when the boat is light and the rower strong. Every stroke takes away a little strength. The lungs work hard to keep the blood supplied with oxygen. Objects on the shore seem to move past with disheartening slowness. Arms and back ache, and courage fails. The sick person, with a sluggish liver, bad blood and worse digestion, is like a man pulling against the tide. His struggle to keep alive is heartbreaking. His merciless mirror shows a pale, haggard face, with sunken cheeks and eyes, either dull or shining with the brightness so often noticed in consumptives. He needs treatment but no lasting benefit may be expected from that which is overgrown with the moss of tradition. The effective and reliable cure is

**WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION** of the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. It is palatable as honey, and as a remedy for wasting diseases it stands in the front rank in the march of medicine. It stimulates the sluggish organs of secretion, purifies the blood, promotes digestion, revives a natural appetite and builds up the whole system. Sufferers from Nervous Debility, La Grippe, Bowel Complaints, Throat and Lung Troubles, etc., testify to its transcendent value. Dr. E. J. Boyes says: "In a recent case a patient gained nearly twenty pounds in two months treatment in which it was the principal remedial agent." For the misery of disease it gives the happiness of robust health. One bottle convinces. Effective from the first dose. Look it up. "You cannot be disappointed in it." Sold by chemists here and everywhere.

**COMMERCIAL NEWS**

EDWARD M. BOYD.

Business in Honolulu lapsed for three days of the past week, due to the fact that universal respect was shown to the memory of the late J. B. Atherton, and the holiday coming after two days of mourning engrossed one half the entire week.

The place filled in the life of the city by Mr. Atherton was such that there remains a feeling of loss, which manifests itself whenever there are men of the business world together in discussion of the affairs of the many enterprises which have engrossed his attention. It is at once a tribute to his memory and a touching display of the close relations which have marked the men of the city in the past.

The arrival of the Fire Claims cash has done little more than cause a flurry, as the payment will be some days off. The illness of Mr. MacLennan will be the first thing to delay action. Then there must be a series of conferences, with final decisions as to what is to be done in the matter of securing the bond sale first or making partial payments. Taking the whole affair there appears to be a general sentiment in favor of the taking up of the bonds here by the claimants first, and then the purchase by monied men on the basis of a light discount, so that there would be no real loss accrue to the claimants, above about an ordinary collection charge.

**LEGISLATIVE WORKINGS.**

The bill for the changing of the banking law, as prepared by President Brown of the First National Bank, has passed the Senate with slight amendments, no very material changes having been effected. The bill is now in the House and probably will pass there, though there is a chance that it will meet further amendment. The fact seems to be that it has not had the careful consideration that it would seem to deserve, for the existence of such a bill will mean only that certain fiduciary institutions will be compelled to organize under the law, if they would be in form to compete with the banks or the business which elsewhere is given into their hands.

It is understood that there will be no attempt made to pass the Trust company bill at this session. There seems a fear that members, especially of the lower house, would take it as meaning that there is to be a new kind of Trust Company, a company of trusts in other words, and the very title would militate against the success of the measure. It is likely that the measure will lie untouched in the hands of the man who has it, and the companies will then reorganize if they want larger powers.

There has been absolutely no feature of the week in the stock market. The tradings have been light and the men doing the business say that there is no disposition to sustain the market. They feel that there will be no changes in the outlook for some time. There is money in the city for the purchase of stocks, but the men having it are holding back until the prices are more to their liking. There is a weak market in San Francisco. One broker said yesterday, of the two cities, that while the coast town was moribund, the market here was dead.

Bonds occupied the greater portion of the attention of the brokers. Five thousand Government 5s sold at \$98, \$12,000 Pioneer bonds sold at \$100 and \$6,000 at \$101. Ten thousand O. R. & L. Co. bonds went at \$105, completing a good week's transactions in those securities. The stocks which held the attention of the board were very few, the sales being entirely between the sessions and the reporting being only partial. The brokers have fallen into this habit recently and the market reports do not show all that is done by any means. Rapid Transit continues strong, in fact the strongest in the market, there being three sales aggregating 130 shares at \$75. Pioneer leads the sugar shares. This stock is held at par and there is a great demand for it. There have been many purchases at the regular rate, the reported sales being only 25 shares. Forty Ewa sold at \$23 and 77 M'Bryde at \$4.75 closed the week's list.

There was an auction sale of 404 shares of Whitney & Marsh Company by Morgan yesterday, the stock being bought in by Bishop & Company at \$1. There will probably be some action later in the shares of this company.

**REAL ESTATE.**

The movement of real estate has been light. In the Pawa tract there has been sold the lot adjoining the Cummins homestead, on King street. In College Hills J. H. Matthewman has purchased a lot and will build at once.

In this connection the action of the trustees of Oahu College promises to have much to do with the development of that suburb. The finance committee has been empowered to go ahead and place loans at 8 per cent on any lots sold for the purpose of immediate building. This will relieve the demands of some buyers, for accommodation, at once, and there promises to be active spring building.

**SHAMROCK III IS BEATEN.**

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAM.)

WEYMOUTH, Eng., April 11.—Shamrock III, the cup challenger, today met defeat in a trial race with Shamrock I, the first of the Lipton trio, in a thirty-two mile race in which the old yacht was given ten minutes' advantage by the new one.

Captain Charles Bevis, an old hand on racing yachts, is in charge of the Shamrock I. during these speed trials at Weymouth. An important change has been made this year in the matter of trial races for the English challenger. In the trial races of the Shamrock II, a peculiar fact was that no one except those aboard the boats, and sometimes not all of these, knew what the course was or where a course was to finish. Now the trial courses have been laid out near Weymouth in regular racing fashion and true to distance and the boats are being started and finished to guns as in an ordinary racing fixture. In her trials with the Shamrock II, the first Shamrock showed that in a strong breeze or a very light one she could sail faster than the Shamrock II, and she was better whenever the sea was rough. Many racing authorities declare that the Shamrock I was a much better racing craft than the one that met defeat off Sandy Hook in a race against the Columbia and if the Shamrock III, does not beat the original Lipton by a large margin her chances on the American side of the Atlantic will not be any too bright.

THE HAGUE, Holland, April 11.—Queen Wilhelmina has sanctioned the anti-strike bill framed by the government to meet the present crisis.

Although yesterday it was thought that the strike was practically broken none of the strikers have yet returned to work and although few labor unions are now going out in sympathy with strikers already out, the latter are making such noisy demonstrations and keeping the country in such a state of turmoil that it is likely that martial law will be proclaimed throughout the Netherlands. The troops cannot maintain order without some means of arresting the strikers and that can best be accomplished under martial law.

BERLIN, April 11.—It is reported here in official circles that the Princess Louise of Saxony, who has been in close retirement near Dresden since her separation from M. Giron, will remarry the Crown Prince for the sake of her children. Her grief at her separation from the family is threatening her mind and her children mourn bitterly for her. The King is strongly in favor of reconciliation.

**BAD COMPLEXIONS**

**Dry Thin and Falling Hair  
and Red Rough Hands  
Prevented by**

**CUTICURA SOAP.**

MILLIONS use CUTICURA SOAP exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chaffings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes, for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially to mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the best skin and complexion soap, the best toilet and best baby soap in the world.

**Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour.** Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA Ointment, to instantly allay itching and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. Sold throughout the world. Australian Depot: R. TOWNS & CO., Sydney, N.S.W. See African Depot: LEXNOR LTD., Cape Town. "How to have Beautiful Skin, Hair, and Hands," free. POTTER CORP., Boston, U. S. A. Sole Props., CUTICURA REMEDIES.

**DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE**

IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Coughs, Colds, Asthma and Bronchitis.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Vice Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant, Freeman, was deliberately untrue, and re-regretted to say it had been sworn to. See the Times, July 13, 1894.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN OF EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR CHOLERA, DYSENTERY and DIARRHOEA.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it ACTS as a CHARM: one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is the true palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, CANCER, TOOTHACHE, RHEUMATISM.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE rapidly cuts short all attacks of EPILEPSY, SPASMS, COLIC, PALPITATION, Hysteria.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The immense sale of this Remedy has given rise to many unscrupulous imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE. Sold in bottles, 1s 1/4d, 2s 9d and 4s 6d, by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturers, J. T. Davenport, 33 Great Russell St., London.

**HILO WANTS A CHANGE IN THE KINAU'S TIME SCHEDULE**

Another very strong and forceful reason for changing the present schedule of the Kinau, as proposed in these columns last week, is from a business standpoint in the opportunity secured to visiting business men to properly attend to their business while in Honolulu. Under the schedule now in force the visiting tradesman arriving in Honolulu by the Kinau on Saturday afternoon, arrives too late to find many business men at their offices. Saturday afternoon in Honolulu as in most tropical countries is regarded as a half holiday when the largest business houses of the city close their doors at 1 o'clock. No business can be transacted on Sunday and as a consequence the out-of-town merchant or business man finds himself unable, except by previous appointment, to accomplish the purpose of his trip until Monday. As the Kinau leaves at Tuesday noon, Monday is practically the only available day during the stay of that vessel when a stranger in Honolulu can transact the business which took him there.

At present Monday is the busiest day of the week in Honolulu. All business houses catering to island trade are rushed on that day filling orders to be forwarded by the inter-island steamers scheduled to leave on Tuesday. All these merchants and others would hail with delight a change in the sailing schedule of the Kinau and the island steamers permitting a more reasonable time in which to fill out of town orders without the hurry and rush now incident to accommodating this very valuable trade.—Hilo Tribune.

PANAMA, April 11.—The rebellion which broke out shortly after the signing of the Panama Canal treaty by Colombia has been ended through the recapture by government troops of the mountain town of San Carlos.

San Carlos is a small town near the Magdalena river, and about one hundred miles north of Bogota, the capital of Colombia. The revolutionists had hoped to secure the aid of people in all the territory lying near the isthmus in fighting against the government on the grounds that Colombia had not received a large enough sum for her rights at Panama but this aid did not materialize as the people around the isthmus are well satisfied with the provisions of the treaty.

PARIS, April 11.—King Edward has notified the President of the French republic that he will arrive in this city on May 1. This will be his first visit to France since becoming King, though as Prince of Wales he spent much time in Paris and on the Riviera. The reception to be given the King will be imposing.

CHICAGO, April 11.—A tornado is sweeping over Iowa, Indiana and Michigan, where it has done great damage to trees, buildings and fences and to shipping on Lake Michigan.





## ARRIVED.

Friday, April 10.  
S. S. Korea, Seabury, from San Francisco, at 5 a. m.  
Am. bark Mohican, Kelly, 18 days from San Francisco, at 9 a. m.  
Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Tullett, from Kilauea, Hanalei, Kailiwa and Anahulu, at 5:55 a. m., with 3072 bags sugar, 450 bags rice, 26 bags rice bran, 29 pkgs. sundries.  
Stmr. Waialeale, Mosher, from Ahukini and Koloa, at 2:35 a. m., with 3500 bags sugar, box sugar, 12 bbls. empty bottles.  
Stmr. Noeau, Pedersen, from Kukuhihale, Waipio, Honokaa, Hana, Kaanapali and Lahaina, at 7:45 a. m., with 4284 bags sugar, 12 pkgs. sundries.  
Saturday, April 11.  
Am. bk. Coronado, Potter, 15½ days from San Francisco, at 8 a. m.  
Am. bk. Albert, Turner, 14 days from San Francisco, at 9 a. m.  
Schr. Kaulikeaouli, from Hamakua ports, at 5 a. m.  
Stmr. Kinahu, Freeman, from Hilo and way ports, at 1 p. m.  
S. S. Moana, Carey, from Victoria, B. C., at 7 p. m.

## Sunday, April 12.

Stmr. Lehua, Naopala, from Molokai ports.  
Stmr. Claudine, Parker, from Maui ports.  
Stmr. W. G. Hall, S. Thompson, from Kauai ports.

## Monday, April 13.

Stmr. Lehua, Naopala, for Molokai ports, at 5 p. m.  
Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Tullett, for Kapa, Anahulu, Kilauea, Kailiwa and Hanalei, at 5 p. m.  
Stmr. Noeau, Pedersen, for Lahaina, Kaanapali, Honokaa and Kukuhihale, at 5 p. m.  
Stmr. Waialeale, Mosher, for Makalei, Waimea and Kekaha, at 5 p. m.

## DEPARTED.

Saturday, April 11.  
Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Mosher, for Kapa, Anahulu, Kilauea, Kailiwa and Hanalei, at 5 p. m.  
Stmr. Waialeale, Mosher, for Waimea and Kekaha, at 5 p. m.  
Stmr. Noeau, Pedersen, for Lahaina, Kaanapali, Honokaa and Kukuhihale, at 5 p. m.  
Stmr. Lehua, Naopala, for Molokai ports, at 5 p. m.  
U. S. Naval Collier Saturn, for Bremerton, at noon.  
R. M. S. S. Moana, Carey, for the Colonies, at 11 p. m.

## PASSENGERS.

## Arrived.

From Hilo and way ports, per stmr. Kinahu, April 11.—S. P. Harrison, S. Kanda, T. J. Dillon, Mrs. F. Carlson, J. T. Moir, Geo. S. McKenzie, Mrs. L. Arnold and child, F. C. Handy, W. R. Douglas, E. L. Cutting, J. P. Bento, D. Conway, Mrs. Norman Lyman, Mrs. Miner and daughter, M. Chung Sung, A. W. Dow, Mrs. Lucy Manuel, Jas. Morse, M. Houghtaling, A. McCabe, M. Frear, A. Canavarro, M. Eckardt, A. E. Hin, C. L. Clement, Miss Maud E. Paty, C. Shimamoto, Dr. Henry Hayes, Mrs. J. E. Hopkins, Miss Mary Hopkins, J. T. Crawley, Miss C. M. Edwards, Sam H. Mahuka, Geo. T. Brown, Miss Annabelle Low, W. Lanz and D. R. G. Curtis.

Per stmr. W. G. Hall, from Kauai ports, April 12.—J. Mann, Mrs. J. P. Mendola, F. Gay, Mrs. Nalaya, J. Hockett, Chong Sing, Mrs. J. L. Hjorth, G. W. Makekua, A. F. Knudsen, Rev. O. P. Emerson, J. Nevins, T. Baumann, E. Kopke, Mrs. A. F. Knudsen, Rev. O. H. Gulick and 50 deck.

## Departed.

Per stmr. Mikahala, April 9, for Kauai ports—Ah Chew, L. F. Prescott, M. R. Jamieson, Miss F. Bush, Mrs. Charles Blake, Bella Meldell, Mrs. O. Onsted, Miss A. M. Bush, Mug Nam, J. Hart, J. L. Cockburn, Dr. R. J. Wilkinson, T. K. Keyworth and 54 deck.

Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerson, from Kau, Kona and Maui ports.  
Stmr. Lehua, Naopala, from Molokai ports.  
P. M. S. S. China, Friele, from the Orient, overdue since yesterday afternoon.

## VESSELS IN PORT.

## ARMY AND NAVY.

U. S. Tug Iroquois, Rodman.

## MERCHANTMEN.

(This list does not include coasters.)

Albert, Am. bk., Turner, San Francisco, April 11.  
Admiral, Am. schr., Jensen, Newcastle, April 6.  
Alice Cooke, Am. schr., Penhallow, April 6.  
Carrollton, Am. bk., Gordon, Newcastle, March 28.  
Coronado, Am. bk., Potter, San Francisco, April 11.  
Haydn Brown, Am. bk., Asplund, Newcastle, April 3.  
Helene, Am. schr., Christianson, San Francisco, April 2.  
Matthew Turner, Am. schr., Treanor, Newcastle, April 7.  
Mohican, Am. bk., Kelly, San Francisco, April 10.  
Paramita, Am. sp., Backus, Newcastle, Feb. 21 (in distress).  
Rosamond, Am. schr., Johnson, San Francisco, April 6.  
Trongate, Br. bk., Hutton, Nitrate ports, April 5.  
Watson A. West, Am. schr., Peterson, Newcastle, April 4.  
W. H. Marston, Am. schr., Curtis, San Francisco, April 2.

## NO RATS FOR MIDWAY ISLAND

With the installation of the cable station on Midway Island there will be an effort to prevent Mr. Rat from taking up a residence there along with the cable staff. The steamer Hanalei, of the Inter-Island Company, which is now being outfitted by the Pacific Commercial Cable Company to carry supplies and building materials to Midway and Guam for the cable stations there, is being safe-guarded against a possible invasion of rats into her hold. The steamer is being held off from the wharf several feet, and the mooring hawsers are equipped with rat guards. No opportunity is given for the wharf rats to crawl aboard at any place. The Hanalei has been lying in the stream for some time, out of commission, and following their usual custom, wharf rats have a curiosity to see whether or not they like a newly moored boat. Some take a fancy to them and make their homes in the dark corners of the hold. Midway Island needs many improvements and the introduction of certain domestic animals to make it comfortable and homelike for the cable staff, but they believe they can get along very well without rats. The Hanalei is taking on a large amount of coal, and the work of cleaning, painting and overhauling the vessel will be done this week, so that she will be in readiness to take the material and supplies aboard from the Alameda, which arrives on April 17 from San Francisco. According to present plans, Captain Piltz will go out in command of the Hanalei. She is to sail about April 22.

## THE KINAU WILL SAIL AS USUAL

President Wight, of the Wilder Steamship Company, states that there will be no change in the sailing and arriving dates of the Kinahu, as desired by Hiloites. President Wight's reasons for not reversing the schedule to have the Kinahu leave Honolulu at the end of the week and arrive at Hilo the first of the week, arriving in Honolulu again on Thursday or Friday, is that the vessel must cool down her engines at least once a week, and this can only be done at Honolulu while she is lying alongside her wharf. Her arrival on Saturday permits the engines and boilers to cool down Saturday and remain cold over Sunday, which is not a working day. If the schedule was changed the Kinahu's engines would have no rest as at Hilo she is compelled to keep up steam at all times.

## WATERHOUSE IS NOT IN DEFAULT

Judge De Bolt yesterday denied the motion of plaintiff in the case of Capital City Building Co. vs. Henry Waterhouse et al. to declare the defendant in default. The suit is for \$25,000 damages for alleged violation of a contract. The plaintiff claimed that the answer of H. Waterhouse & Co., a copartnership, could not be called the answer of Henry Waterhouse and A. B. Wood, who were the real defendants. Therefore the plaintiff asked for default and judgment. The court denied the motion and gave the defendants permission to amend their answer.

## Big Sugar Reserve.

The following sugar is reported ready for shipment on Kauai: K. S. M., 3,000 bags; V. K., 1,100; W., 400; M. A. K., 17,150; G. & R., 3,200; M. B., 21,800; K. P., 2,600; H. M., 4,650; G. F., 1,300; K. S. Co., \$3,987; K. S. Co., 1,500.

## Booked for Island Ports.

Per steamer Claudine for Maui, sailing at 5 p. m. today—Mrs. F. Karck, William Walsh, Adolph Cuch, Dr. and Mrs. R. I. McGittigan and two children, Miss C. Snow, Rev. E. W. Thwing, Manuel Correa.

Per steamer Kinahu for Hilo and way ports, sailing at 12 noon today—Mrs. J. Nawahi, Mrs. C. M. Hyde, D. Kahaleule, Lee Let, Dr. Henry Hayes, F. M. Hatch, I. R. Robinson, S. M. Spencer, Joseph Archer, Captain J. Ross, Mrs. L. de L. Ward, Mrs. H. H. Woodruff, C. T. Day, H. Davis, S. G. Wooster, B. H. Smith, D. J. Mackay, Z. G. Dunn, Mrs. D. H. Rickard and two daughters, E. E. Paxton.



Storm-proof, effective, for ventilating factories of all kinds, public buildings, residences, etc.  
Merchant's Metal "Spanish" Tiles  
Ornamental, Storm-Proof, Easily Laid.  
These tiles are recommended by leading architects, engineers and builders of first class buildings. Merchant's "Gothic" Shingles, copper, galvanized steel screw plates. Send for illustrated book-let of our specialties, mailed free upon application. MERCHANT & CO., Inc., Sole Manufacturers, 517 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.



## MOORISH REBELS BLOW UP AND TAKE A FORTRESS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

MADRID, April 13.—Moorish rebels have captured the fortress of Brajama. They exploded a mine under the walls killing fifty of the garrison and then poured their forces through the breach. It is not known whether a general massacre of the Sultan's men followed.

AMSTERDAM, Holland, April 12.—The prompt measures taken by the government in pushing through an anti-strike measure and in threatening to place the Netherlands under martial law have had the expected effect upon the strikers and the big labor movement has now collapsed. The men are beaten and will probably man the trains at once. Men at the sea ports who went out in sympathy with the railway workers have already returned to their work.

PARIS, France, April 12.—President Loubet has left Marseilles on a warship to visit Algeria. His visit is for the purpose of inspecting the government of that colony, to look into the cause of the recent clash of troops and tribesmen on the frontier, and also to recuperate his health, which has been failing rapidly of late.

France counts Algeria as the most important of her colonial possessions as she has secured great advantages through her government of the African state. During 1902 France found a market for \$62,000,000 worth of her products in the colony and received in exports from Algeria goods valued at \$45,000,000.

HALIFAX, Nova Scotia, April 12.—The Intercolonial Express, a fast train running between this place and St. John, New Brunswick, has been wrecked. Four persons were killed, two were fatally hurt and many were seriously injured, while others suffered severely from the cold. The express is the fastest train running on the Intercolonial Railway and usually carries many people arriving here from Europe, her passengers on this trip being numerous.

SALT LAKE, April 12.—Colonel Loot, a noted frontiersman, is dead. He was the hero of many Indian fights and was a newspaper partner of Bill Nye when the latter was making his early reputation as a humorist on the Laramie Boomerang. Colonel Loot was widely acquainted among the men who, during the past half century, have built up the West.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 12.—The Pacific Mail liner Gaelic leaves this port tomorrow with seventy-four deported Chinese sent from various places in the West, East and South. Many of them entered the country by way of Canada and some came in from the Mexican mainland and Lower California.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 12.—James M. Beck, First Assistant Attorney General of the United States, has resigned that position and will resume his private law practice.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 12.—By the burning of a residence in this city, Lawyer Nathan Morris and Frank Haas are dead and four women injured.

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., April 11.—After killing two men in Arizona a week ago Jim McKinney, the Tulare outlaw, who now has several murders to his credit, again entered California today closely pursued by a Sheriff's posse. A pitched battle was engaged in between the posse and the outlaw, and although the latter escaped capture, it is believed that he has been wounded.

Jim McKinney has been pursued by California police for over eight months and during all of that time has evaded capture although he has had several close shaves. His record is now rivaling that of Tracey, the Oregon desperado, and every effort is being made to secure him. In July of last year the murderer turned Porterville upside down. He rode out of the place one Sunday morning shooting at everyone he met.

PEKING, China, April 13.—The Empress Dowager has issued an edict repealing the stamp taxation scheme recently promulgated by the Governor of Chili.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 13.—Archbishop George Montgomery has declined the Archbishopric of Manila recently offered him by the Pope.

## Coast Telegraphic News.

The great gathering of Democrats at the banquet given annually to commemorate the birthday of Thomas Jefferson was held at Des Moines, Iowa, this year and the three bright particular Jeffersonian stars invited to the dinner were William Jennings Bryan, Adlai Stevenson and William Randolph Hearst. Mr. Hearst, by the way, shone as a star at a distance, as he was unable to be present, but he sent a letter and perhaps he was the brighter because he was distant. His name evoked the most applause, anyway, and his own newspapers played him up as the biggest thing in sight.

They have developed a bribery scandal in the San Francisco police department that is about the worst thing in that line ever turned up. The charge is made with the department itself, the Mayor and Police Commissioner Hutton asserting over their signature that a regular tariff is charged the Mongols for the privilege of law-breaking, as follows: Lotteries, \$20 a month; lottery agents, \$10 a month; fan tan tables, \$5 a month; opium joints, \$25 a month; sergeant in charge of Chinatown squad, \$100 a week; patrolmen, each, \$40 a week.

The submarine torpedo boat Pike has been tried out at San Francisco and raced under the waters of the bay at a speed of 7.5 knots for a distance of twelve miles. Police Commissioner Hutton of San Francisco has charged Attorney D. M. Delmas, one of the best known lawyers in California, with alienating the affections of his wife and with taking an excessive fee from her, and the Commissioner has instituted disbarment proceedings which the California Supreme Court has refused to entertain.

## Moana's Hoodoo Experience.

VICTORIA, April 3.—The trip of the Moana to this port seems to have been in a sense hoodooed. The first evidence of it was in the discovery on boardway of a Jonah in the person of a steward. He was placed under arrest, and when the vessel arrived here the first officer went up to the police station for a constable to come down and take him in charge. When he got back the steward-away had flown. Not long after that the coal barge tied up alongside the steamer was cut adrift and had to be chased after out to Brockton Point. Last night a luncheon was sent out from the Moana to the coal handlers, consisting of coffee and edibles and a short time after every one who partook of it was exceedingly ill. Medical aid was summoned, and all the men are out of danger, but they are not likely to feel well for a day or two. What had got into the coffee, or food, has not been stated.

M. K. Kealawa, of Hilo, has been admitted to practice in the district courts of the Territory. In his petition he says that he was first admitted to practice by Chief Justice C. C. Harris and that he is a member of the Legislature.

## FOR SALE.

A SET OF FOWLER'S STEAM plow machinery consisting of a pair of 14 horse traction engines, balance plow, heavy and medium cultivators, and harrow.

The plant is in use breaking a salt marsh in California; but will finish the work in June and will be sold for half its cost in England.

Apply to JOHN W. FERRIS, 320 Sansome St., San Francisco, Cal. 565

## Shun Mineral Medicines



THE use of minerals is unnatural. No animal in its natural state, turns to minerals when stricken by sickness, but to the green herb, the healing leaf, the tonic bark, and the medicinal root. Mineral medicines stimulate for a time but never cure. To eradicate disease you must reach the root of the trouble and this can only be done by vegetable preparations.

## Kickapoo Sagwa

## A PURELY VEGETABLE TONIC

is the most potent and valuable of all remedies, being the product of centuries of experience and experiment. It eradicates diseases by going to the root of the trouble. It makes the stomach sound, regulates the liver, strengthens the weak heart, cleanses the clogged system and enables the kidneys and bowels to perform their proper functions. "I was a great sufferer from a disordered liver, which was accompanied with various stomach troubles and most severe sick headaches. I took Kickapoo Indian Sagwa and it cured me. I cannot say enough in its praise."—Mrs. Carrie B. Newell, Vernon, Minn." The Kickapoo Remedies are guaranteed to do as claimed or money refunded. Sold by all druggists.

HOBSON DRUG CO. DISTRIBUTORS

## EDINGS DID NOT ABUSE DISCRETION

The Supreme Court handed down an opinion yesterday in the case of F. W. McChesney et al. vs. Kona Sugar Co. which has been discontinued since it was submitted. The suit was for a writ of mandamus to compel Judge Edings to allow the Kapilani Estate to bring suit for rent against the receiver of the Kona Sugar Co.

The Supreme Court opinion is written by Justice Perry and the syllabus follows:

"It is not an abuse of discretion for a court of equity appointing a receiver to deny, without prejudice, a petition for leave to institute against the receiver such appropriate suits as your petitioner shall be advised in the premises, or to fail to indicate, of its own motion, under a prayer for general relief, the nature of the proceedings which the applicant should institute and the court in which such proceedings should be brought."

## REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

## Recorded March 30

H. W. Kapua to Kapua, Jr.; D: 3-4 A in R P 6231, Makaweli, Waimea, Kauai; Kul 11286, Makaweli, Waimea, Kauai; Kul 11288, Makaweli, Waimea, Kauai; Kul 9238, Hanalei, Kauai; \$100 & c. B 248, p. 235. Dated Feb 20, 1903.

K. Pau & hsb to Jas Renton; D: 4 A of Gr 748, Honokaa, N. Kohala, Hawaii; \$250. B 248, p. 237. Dated Mar 24, 1903.  
Rebecca Nika to B Mendola & hsb; D: 1-2 int in R P 5724, Waikiki, Honolulu, Oahu; 1-2 int in various lands, Kauai; \$1 & c. B 248, p. 238. Dated Mar 10, 1903.  
P. H. Burnette & wf to S. L. Peleholani; D: int in Grant 1883, Nahuiku, Hana, Maui; \$970. B 248, p. 241. Dated July 31, 1902.

## Recorded March 31

J. A. C. Daniel & wf to Wm Fernandez; D: por lot 13 of Land Patent 4188, Kailiuli, Hilo, Hawaii; \$1000 & mtg \$600. B 248 p. 242. Dated Mar 17, 1903.  
Wm A Hall to Annie K Hall; P: D: lots B 1, 2, 3 & 4 of R P 3506 King, Bereania and Alaia Sts, Honolulu, Oahu; \$1 & c. B 248, p. 243. Dated Mar 20, 1903.  
Annie K Hall to Wm A Hall; P: D: lots A 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5 of R P 3506, King, Bereania & Alaia Sts, Honolulu, Oahu; \$1 & c. B 248, p. 243. Dated Mar 20, 1903.

## Recorded April 1

E. P. Law & wf to Kohala Land Co. Ltd.; D: Grs 608 & 1096, Halawa, N. Kohala, Hawaii; \$750. B 248, p. 248. Dated Mar 25, 1903.  
H. L. Shaw & wf to Olan Sugar Co. Ltd.; D: lots 280 & 281 of Land Patent 4680, Olan, Oahu; \$1000 & c. B 248, p. 249. Dated Feb 15, 1903.

## Recorded April 2

G. Federhen & wf to Thos. Greadway; Gr: D: 1-2 int in R P 2399, Kikihale, Honolulu, Oahu; \$200. B 248, p. 250. Dated Feb 17, 1903.  
A Waterhouse & wf to H. Waterhouse; D: 1 68-100 A land, Nuuanu St, Honolulu, Oahu; \$1 & c. B 248, p. 251. Dated Mar 30, 1903.

## SAIL TODAY.

Stmr. Kinahu, Freeman, for Hilo and way ports, at 12 m.  
Stmr. Claudine, Parker, for Maui ports, at 5 p. m.  
Stmr. W. G. Hall, Thompson, for Kauai ports, at 5 p. m.  
Gasco. schr. Eclipse, for Maui, Molokai and Hawaii ports, at 5 p. m.  
Schr. Chas. L. Woodbury, Harris, for Hilo direct, at 5 p. m.  
Schr. Kawailani, for Koolau ports, at 5 p. m.  
Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, for Oahu ports, at 7 a. m.  
P. M. S. S. China, for San Francisco, probably this afternoon.

## FORECLOSURES

## AMOY SILVA.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage dated June 26th A. D. 1897, made by Amoy Silva, wife of M. E. Silva of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, Mortgagee, to Maria L. Hoffmann, of said Honolulu, Mortgagee, (since deceased) and recorded in the Register Office, Oahu, in Liber 170, pages 396-7, I, W. O. Smith, Executor of the last will and testament of said Maria L. Hoffmann deceased, intend to foreclose said mortgage for condition broken, to wit: the non-payment of principal when due. Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by the said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, Queen Street, said Honolulu, on Saturday the 25 day of April, 1903, at 12 o'clock, noon of said day.

The property covered by said mortgage and intended to be sold as aforesaid consists of all that piece or parcel of land situate at Kamakela, said Honolulu, and bounded and described as follows:

Commencing at the North-west corner of this lot at angle of two lots and running:  
1. S. 4° E. 46-½ feet along Front Street.  
2. N. 70¼° E. 135.0 feet along the Southern portion of this residence.  
3. N. 30° W. 36 feet along wooden fence.  
4. S. 75° W. 115.4 feet along the Northern portion of this residence to the initial point, and containing an area of 115-1000 of an acre, and being a portion of Royal Patent No. 1758, L. C. A. 980, and being the same premises conveyed to said Amoy Silva by deed of J. D. Holt, Junior, dated March 9, 1894, and recorded in the Register Office, Oahu, in Liber 146, pages 195-6.

Together with all the improvements, rights, easements, privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging.

There is a cottage on said premises insured for \$500.

Terms cash, United States Gold Coin. Deeds at the expense of the purchaser.

For further particulars apply to W. O. Smith, Judd Building, Honolulu. Dated Honolulu, March 26, 1903.

WILLIAM O. SMITH, Executor of will of Maria L. Hoffmann, deceased.

March 27,—Apr. 24.

EMILY SANFORD.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage dated August 27, 1900, made by EMILY SANFORD, of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, Mortgagee, to W. O. Smith, Trustee for S. W. Wilcox, of said Honolulu, Mortgagee, and recorded in the Register Office, Oahu, in Liber 214, pages 154-6, the mortgagee intends to foreclose said mortgage for condition broken, to wit: the non-payment of principal and interest when due.

Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by the said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, Queen Street, said Honolulu, on Saturday the 25th day of April, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon.

The property covered by said mortgage and intended to be sold as aforesaid, consists of:

First: All that piece or parcel of land situate on Quarry Street, at Kulaokahua in Honolulu, Island of Oahu, containing an area of 6000 square feet, more or less, and being the same premises that were conveyed to W. H. Winchester by deed of W. E. Foster, Trustee, dated August 21, 1895, and recorded in Liber 155, page 272, and further described as being a portion of Royal Patent (Grant) No. 3564, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the makai side of Quarry Street 200 7-10 feet from the South side of Alapai Street extension, thence running by true bearings: South 37° 31' West 120 feet along Portuguese Club premises; thence South 52° 30' East 50 feet along Lot 511; thence North 37° 30' East 120 feet, and North 52° 30' West 50 feet along Quarry Street; area 6000 square feet.

Second: All those certain lots, tracts, pieces or parcels of land situate on Cartwright Road near J. M. McDonald's residence at Waikiki in said Honolulu, being lots 35, 36 and 37, Kekio Tract, containing an area of 15000 square feet, having a frontage on said Cartwright Road of 150 feet and a depth of 100 feet, and a part of Royal Patent No. 5667 Land Commission Award No. 5931, and the same premises that were conveyed to the said W. H. Winchester by deed of W. C. Achi, Trustee, and C. B. Malle, Trustee, dated May 11, 1897 and recorded in Liber 167, page 442.

The above premises were conveyed to the said Mortgagee by deed of said W. H. Winchester dated August 3, 1900, and recorded in Liber 210 page 194.

Together with all the improvements, rights, easements, privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging.

There is a house on the Quarry Street premises insured for \$400.

Terms cash, United States Gold Coin. Deeds at the expense of the purchaser.

For further particulars apply to W. O. Smith, Judd Building, Honolulu. Dated Honolulu, March 26, 1903.

WILLIAM O. SMITH, Trustee for S. W. Wilcox, Mortgagee. March 27,—Apr. 24.